Instrumenting Executables for Dynamic Analysis

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Compiled Instrumentation Approaches

- Source to Source
- Binary
- Other
  - Scripting a debugger
  - Linking with modified libraries
Source to Source

- Easy to create instrumentation
- Easy to debug
- Takes advantage of compiler optimizations
- Portable to different architectures
- Languages (such as C++) can be very complex. It is difficult to handle all constructs correctly.
- System libraries can’t be instrumented
- Difficult for users -- multiple source and object files.
Binary instrumentation

- Instructions are simple
- Portable to different languages
- Libraries can be instrumented
- Easier for users
- Tied to machine architecture
- Instrumentation is tedious to produce (assembly or intermediate language)
Memory Safety

- Analysis needs to access variables
- Variables and pointers may be uninitialized
- Heap space may be deallocated
- Array lengths may not be known
- Analysis tools should never crash program or change its behavior
Memory Safety Solutions

- **Smart pointers**
  - Safe-C (http://www.cs.wisc.edu/~austin/scc.html)
  - Xu et al. FSE November 2004

- **Binary instrumentation**
  - Purify (http://www-306.ibm.com/software/awdtools/purifyplus/)
  - Valgrind (http://valgrind.org/)
Fjalar

- Mixed level instrumentation toolkit
  - Binary instrumentation
  - Source level information via DWARF2 debugging information

- Based on Valgrind

- Access information on memory, registers etc

- Valgrind provides bit level information on memory initialization and allocation.

- Code insertion is handled automatically.

- Available soon
Instrumentation Example

- Define a helper function that takes a string name and the address of the basic block:

  ```
  unsafeIRDirty_0_Bi2/"regparm", "enter_function", &enter_function, mkIRExprVec_2(IRExpr_Const(IRConst_U32((Addr)curFuncPtr->daikon_name)), IRExpr_Const(IRConst_U32(curren...)
  ```

- Make the stack pointer available to that function

  ```
  di->nFxState = 1; di->fxState[0].fx = Ifx_Read; di->fxState[0].offset = mce->layout->offset_SP; di->fxState[0].size = mce->layout->sizeof_SP;
  ```

- Insert the code into the intermediate representation

  ```
  stmt( mce->bb, IRStmt_Dirty(di) );
  ```