

# GS 559

## Winter 2010

### Lecture 11

### Sequence Motifs

Larry Ruzzo

New Web Soon (but old links should redirect):  
<http://www.cs.washington.edu/homes/ruzzo/courses/g559/10wi>

# Who Am I?

Prof. Computer Science & Engineering  
Adjunct Prof., Genome Sciences  
Joint Member, FHCRC

Main research interest: noncoding RNA

<http://www.cs.washington.edu/homes/ruzzo>

[ruzzo@uw.edu](mailto:ruzzo@uw.edu)

554 CSE, 543-6298

Office Hours: Mondays 2:30-3:20, or **by appt**

# Outline

## Bioinformatics:

- Sequence Motifs

- Sequence Logos

- Weight Matrix Models (WMMs)

  - aka Position Specific Scoring Matrices (PSSMs, possums)

  - aka 0th order Markov models

- Construction, statistics, uses

## Programming:

- Regular expressions

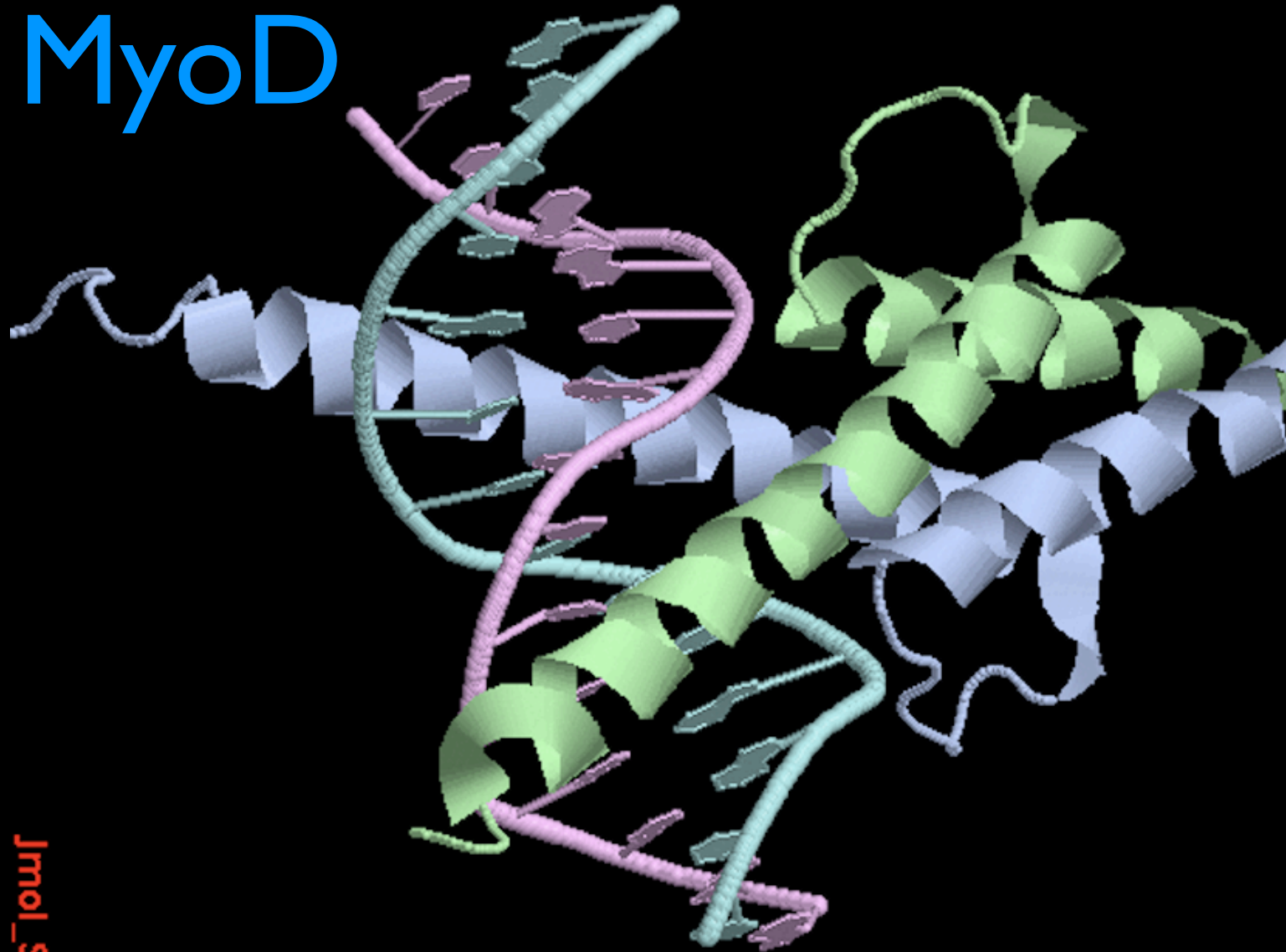
# Motifs

*Motif*: “a recurring salient thematic element”

# Motifs

*Motif*: “a recurring salient thematic element”

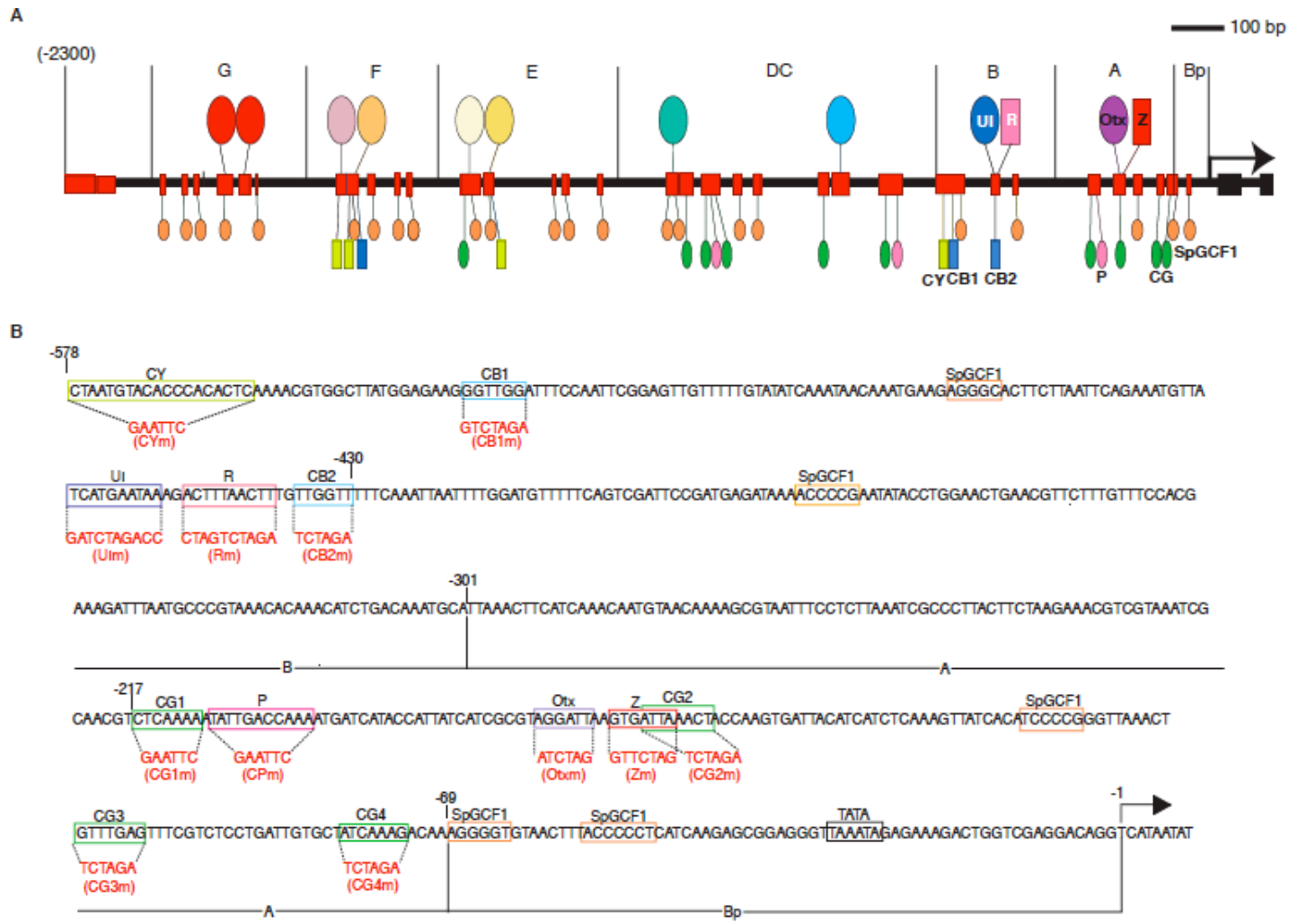
# MyoD



jmol

<http://www.rcsb.org/pdb/explore/jmol.do?structureId=1MDY&bionumber=1>

# Sea Urchin - Endo I 6



# Sequence Motifs

*Motif*: “a recurring salient thematic element”

E.g., *structural* motifs in proteins (zinc finger, H-T-H, leucine zipper, ... are various DNA binding motifs)

E.g., the DNA *sequence* motifs to which these proteins bind - e.g. , one leucine zipper dimer might bind (with varying affinities) to 10s or 100s or 1000s of similar sequences



# *E. coli* Promoters

“**TATA Box**” ~ 10bp upstream of transcription start

How to define it?

*Consensus* is TATAAT

BUT all differ from it

Allow  $k$  mismatches?

Equally weighted?

Wildcards like R, Y? ( $\{A, G\}$ ,  $\{C, T\}$ , resp.)

TACGAT

TAAAAT

TATACT

GATAAT

TATGAT

TATGTT

# *E. coli* Promoters

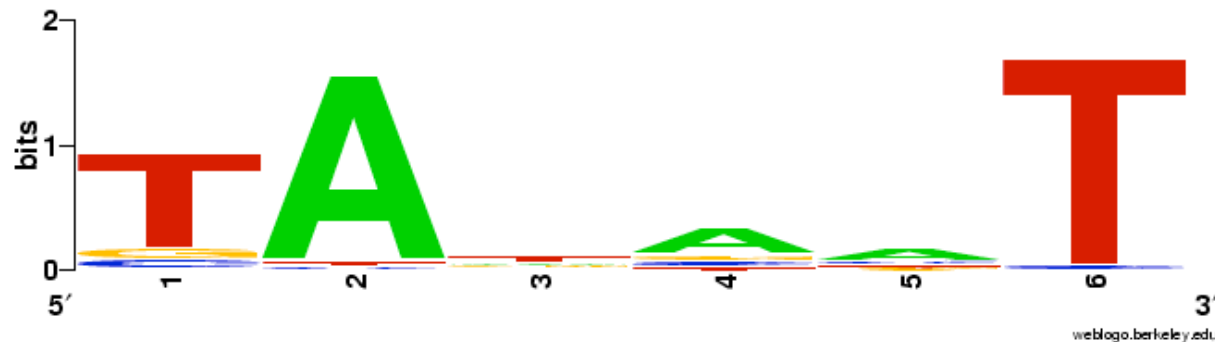
- “**TATA Box**” - consensus TATAAT  
~10bp upstream of transcription start  
*Not exact: of 168 studied (mid 80's)*
- nearly all had 2/3 of TAxzyT
  - 80-90% had all 3
  - 50% agreed in each of x,y,z
  - **no** perfect match
- (Other common features at -35, etc.)

# TATA Box Frequencies

pos base	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	2	94	26	59	50	1
C	9	2	14	13	20	3
G	10	1	16	15	13	0
T	79	3	44	13	17	96

Sequence  
Logo

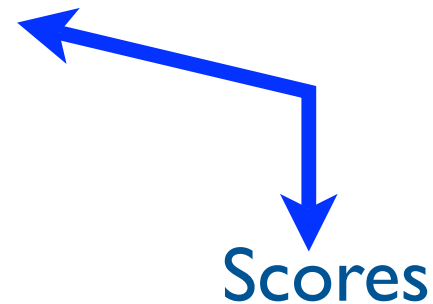
<http://weblogo.berkeley.edu>



## Frequencies

pos base	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	2	94	26	59	50	1
C	9	2	14	13	20	3
G	10	1	16	15	13	0
T	79	3	44	13	17	96

Frequency  $\Rightarrow$  Scores:  
 $\log_2(\text{freq}/\text{background})$



(For convenience,  
 scores multiplied by  
 10, then rounded)

pos base	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	-36	19	1	12	10	-46
C	-15	-36	-8	-9	-3	-31
G	-13	-46	-6	-7	-9	-46
T	17	-31	8	-9	-6	19

# Scanning for TATA

A	-36	19	1	12	10	-46			
C	-15	-36	-8	-9	-3	-31			
G	-13	-46	-6	-7	-9	-46			
T	17	-31	8	-9	-6	19			
<b>A</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>G</b>

= -90

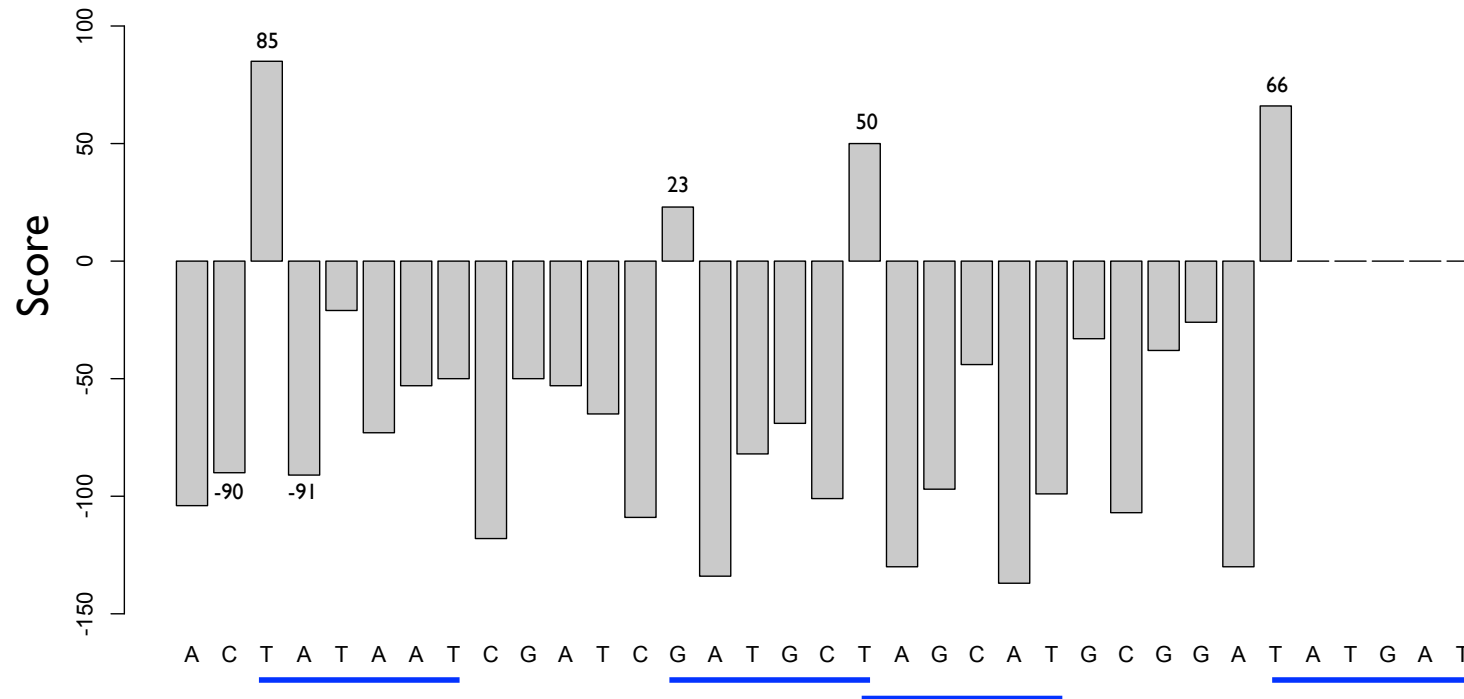
A	-36	19	1	12	10	-46			
C	-15	-36	-8	-9	-3	-31			
G	-13	-46	-6	-7	-9	-46			
T	17	-31	8	-9	-6	19			
<b>A</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>G</b>

= 85

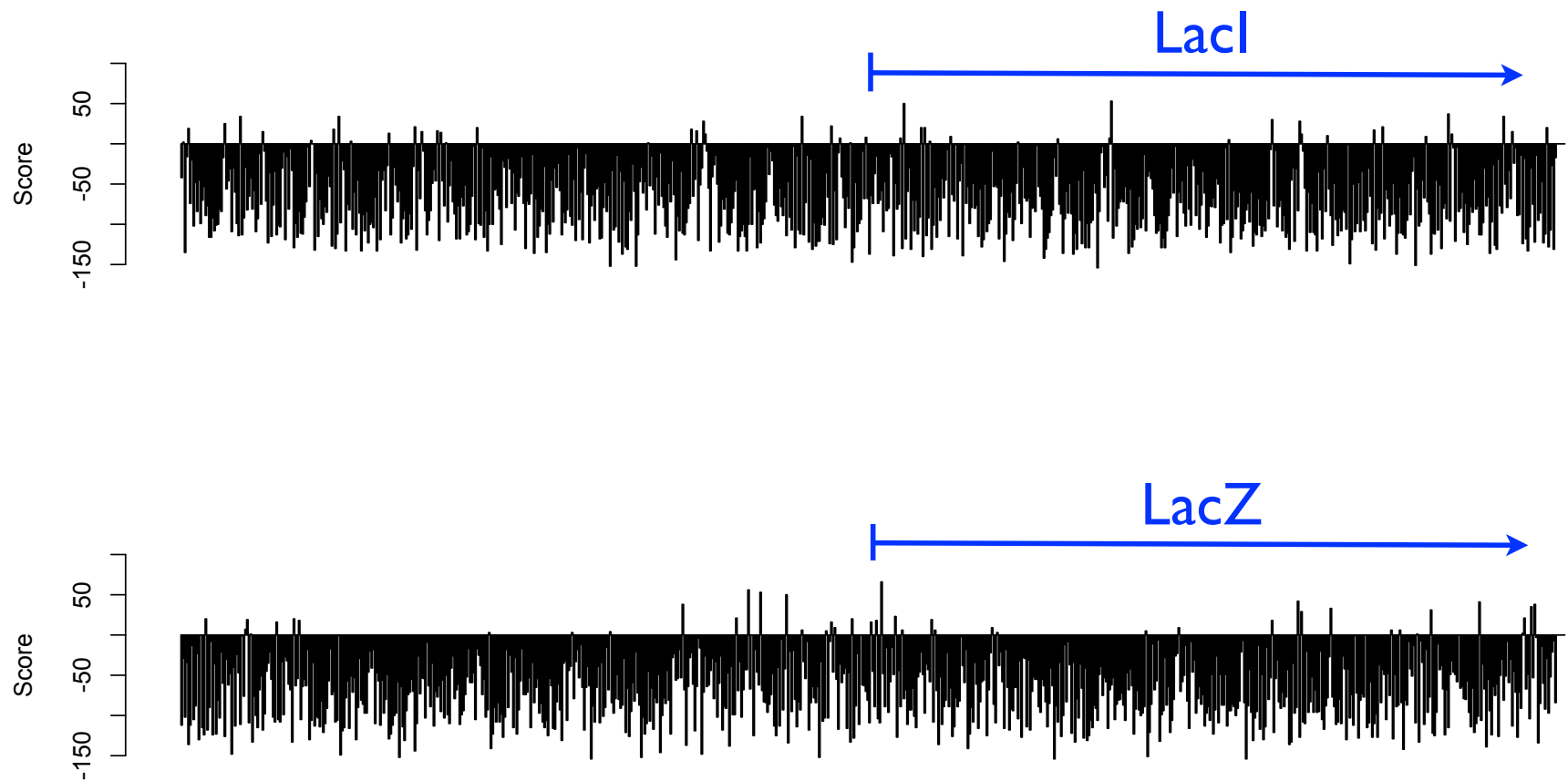
A	-36	19	1	12	10	-46			
C	-15	-36	-8	-9	-3	-31			
G	-13	-46	-6	-7	-9	-46			
T	17	-31	8	-9	-6	19			
<b>A</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>G</b>

= -91

# Scanning for TATA

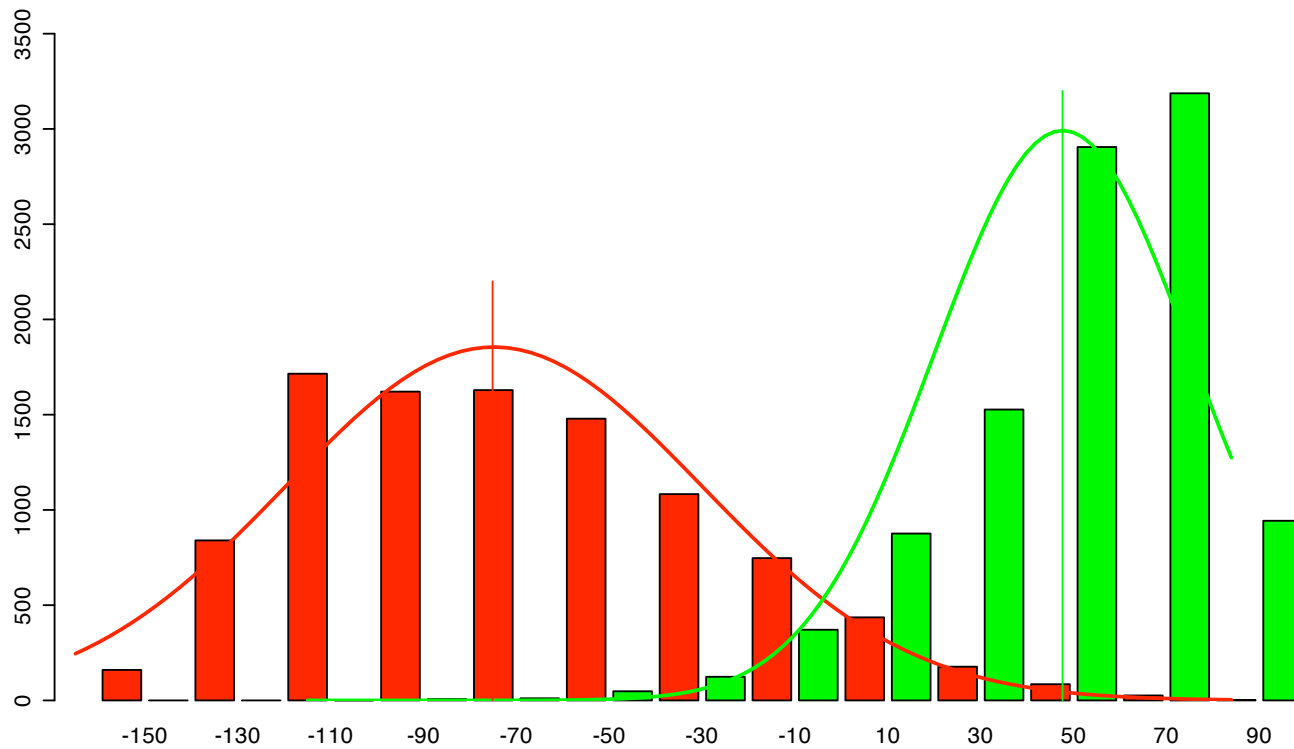


# TATA Scan at 2 genes



# Score Distribution

(Simulated)





# Weight Matrices: Thermodynamics

Experiments show ~80% correlation of (log likelihood) weight matrix scores to measured binding energy of RNA polymerase to variations on TATAAT consensus  
[Stormo & Fields]

# What's best WMM?

Given, say, 168 sequences  $s_1, s_2, \dots, s_k$  of length 6, assumed to be generated at random according to a WMM defined by  $6 \times (4-1)$  parameters  $\theta$ , what's the best  $\theta$ ?

Answer: count frequencies per position.

More justification next time, but if you saw 900 Heads in 1000 coin flips, you'd perhaps estimate

$$P(\text{Heads}) = 900/1000$$

# Pseudocounts

Freq/count of 0  $\Rightarrow -\infty$  score; a problem?

Certain that a given residue *never* occurs in a given position? Then  $-\infty$  just right.

Else, it may be a small-sample artifact

Typical fix: add a *pseudocount* to each observed count—small constant (e.g., .5, 1)

Sounds *ad hoc*; there is a Bayesian justification

Influence fades with more data

# How-to Questions

Given aligned motif instances, build model?

Frequency counts (above, maybe w/ pseudocounts)

Given a model, find (probable) instances

Scanning, as above

Given unaligned strings thought to contain a motif, find it? (e.g., upstream regions of co-expressed genes)

Hard ... maybe another lecture.

# WMM Summary

Weight Matrix Model (aka Position Specific Scoring Matrix, PSSM, “possum”, 0th order Markov models)

Simple statistical model assuming independence between adjacent positions

To build: align, count (+ pseudocount) letter frequency per position, log likelihood ratio to background

To scan: add per position scores, compare to threshold, slide

Databases & tools: Transfac, Jaspar, MEME/MAST, ...