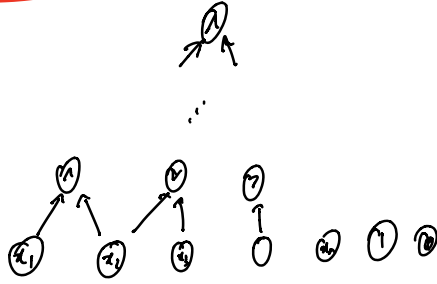


# Circuit Complexity

Turing machines :  $f: \{0,1\}^* \rightarrow \{0,1\}$  programs with loops  
Boolean circuits :  $f: \{0,1\}^n \rightarrow \{0,1\}$  programs without loops



size : # gates

depth : length of longest input-output path.

Thm If  $f: \{0,1\}^n \rightarrow \{0,1\}$  can be computed in depth  $d$  then  $f$  can be computed in size  $2^{d+1} - 1$ .

Pf: base case :  $d=0$  size  $\leq 1 = 2^{0+1} - 1$ .

Ind step :  $d > 0$

By induction,  $f$  can be computed in size

$$\binom{(d-1)+1}{2^{(d-1)+1}-1} + \binom{(d-1)+1}{2^{(d-1)+1}-1} + 1$$

$$= 2^d - 1 + 2^d - 1 + 1 = 2^{d+1} - 1.$$



Thm 1: (almost all)  $\exists f: \{0,1\}^n \rightarrow \{0,1\}$  s.t no circuits of size  $< \frac{2^n}{3 \cdot n}$  can compute  $f$ .  
 (Shannon)

Thm 2:  $\forall f: \{0,1\}^n \rightarrow \{0,1\}$   $f$  can be computed in size  $O\left(\frac{2^n}{n}\right)$ .  
 (Lupanov)

Pf of Thm 1: # of circuits of size  $s$  ( $s > n$ )

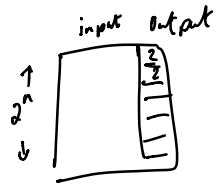
$$\leq (3s^2 + n)^s$$

$$\leq (4s^2)^s = 2^{s \log(4s^2)} = 2^{2s \log(s) + 2s}$$

$$= (2^{\log(4s^2)})^s = 2^{3s \log s}$$

# of functions  $f: \{0,1\}^n \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

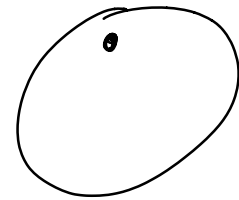
$$= 2^{(2^n)} = \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2 \dots 2}_{2^n \text{ times}}$$



When  $s = \frac{2^n}{3n}$

$$2^{3s \log s} = 2^{3 \cdot \frac{2^n}{3n} \cdot \log(\frac{2^n}{3n})}$$

$$< 2^{\frac{2^n}{n} \cdot n} = 2^{2^n}$$

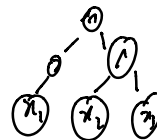


Pf of Thm 2  
Attempt #1

$f: \{0,1\}^3 \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

	$x_1$	$x_2$	$x_3$	output
$\uparrow$	0	0	0	0
$2^n$	0	1	0	0
$\downarrow$	0	1	1	1
				0

$(\bar{x}_1 \wedge x_2 \wedge x_3) \vee (\bar{x}_1 \wedge \bar{x}_2 \wedge \bar{x}_3)$



$f: \{0,1\}^n \rightarrow \{0,1\}$

size  $O(n \cdot 2^n)$

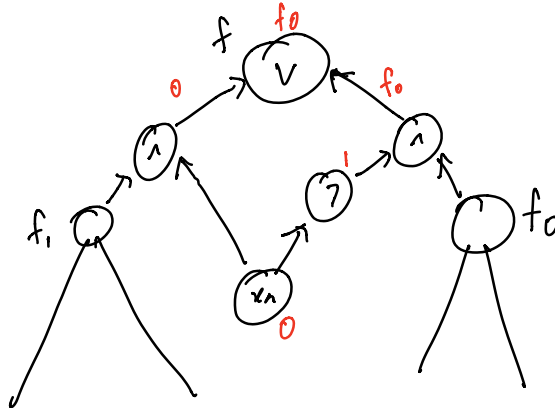
Attempt #2

want  $f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ . First recursively compute

$$f(x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}, 0) = f_0$$

$$f(x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}, 1) = f_1$$

Combine.



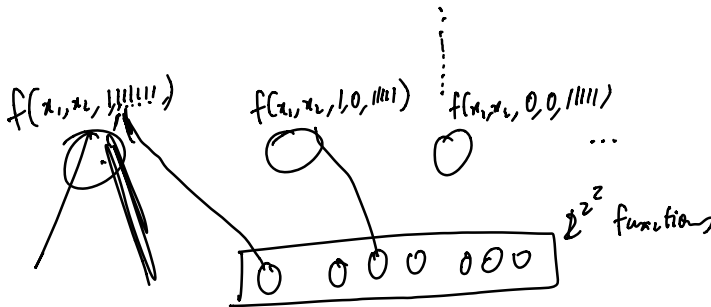
Claim:  $size \leq 5 \cdot (2^{n+1} - 1)$

Pf: base case:  $n=0$   
 $size = 1 \leq 5 \cdot (2-1)$

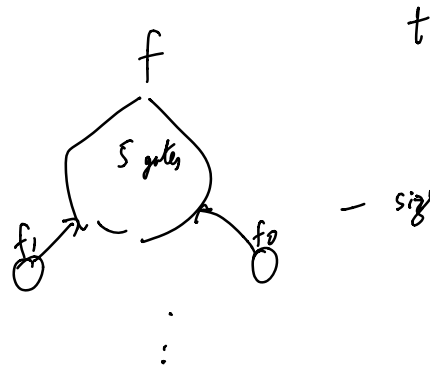
Ind step

size

$$\begin{aligned} &\leq 2 \cdot 5 \cdot (2^n - 1) + 5 \\ &= 5(2^{n+1} - 2 + 1) \\ &= 5(2^{n+1} - 1). \end{aligned}$$



Final Attempt



stop \_\_\_\_\_  $t$  variables left.

compute all functions of  $t$  variables

$$O(2^{2^t} \cdot 2^t)$$

# of functions of first  $t$  vars  
 size using attempt #2.

Overall size

$$\begin{aligned} &\leq 2^{n-t} + 2^{2^t+t} \\ &\left( \begin{array}{l} \text{set } t \sim \log n - 1 \\ 2^t = n/2 \end{array} \right) \\ &2^{n-\log n+1} + 2^{n/2+\log n-1} \\ &= \frac{2^{n+1}}{n} + \frac{2^{n/2+\log n}}{2} \\ &= O\left(\frac{2^{n+1}}{n}\right). \end{aligned}$$