

# CSEP 548: Computer Systems Architecture

*NVRAM*

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# Phase-change memory (PCM)

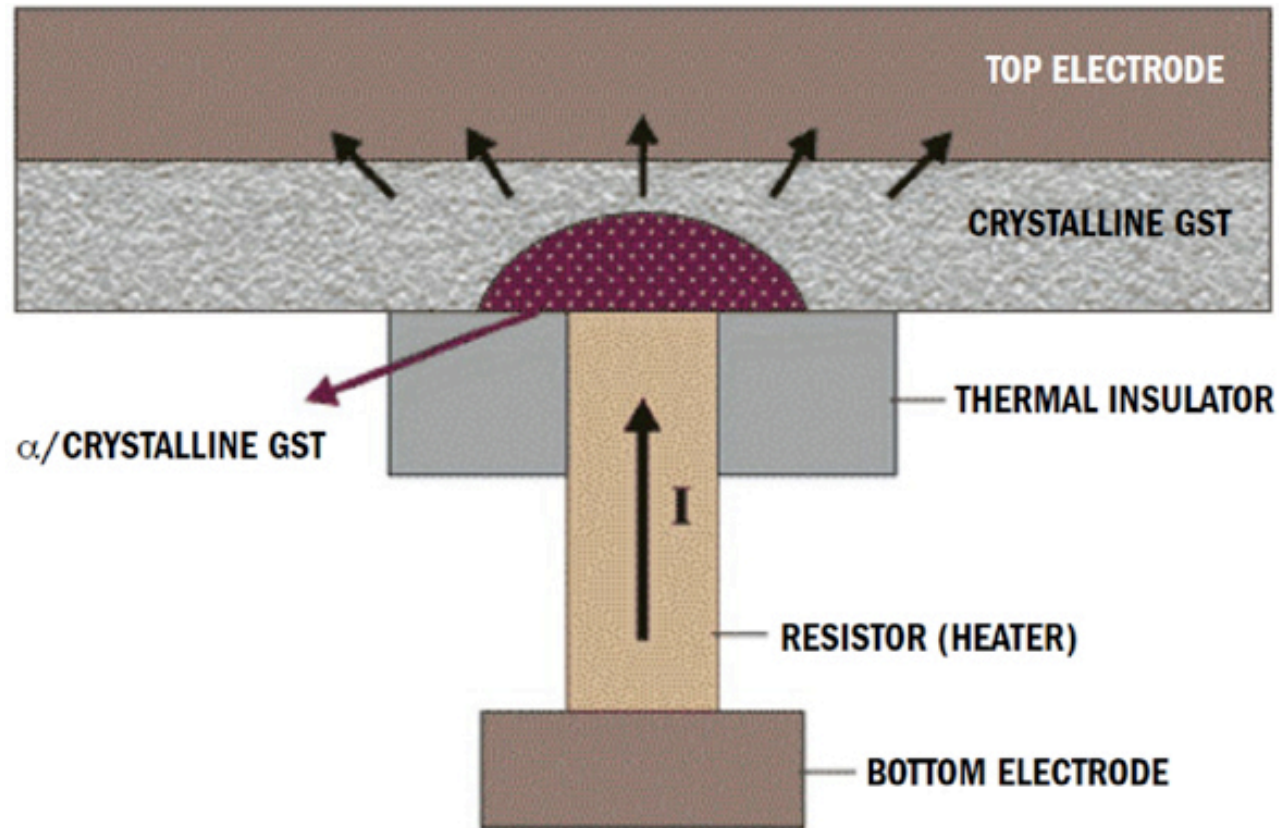


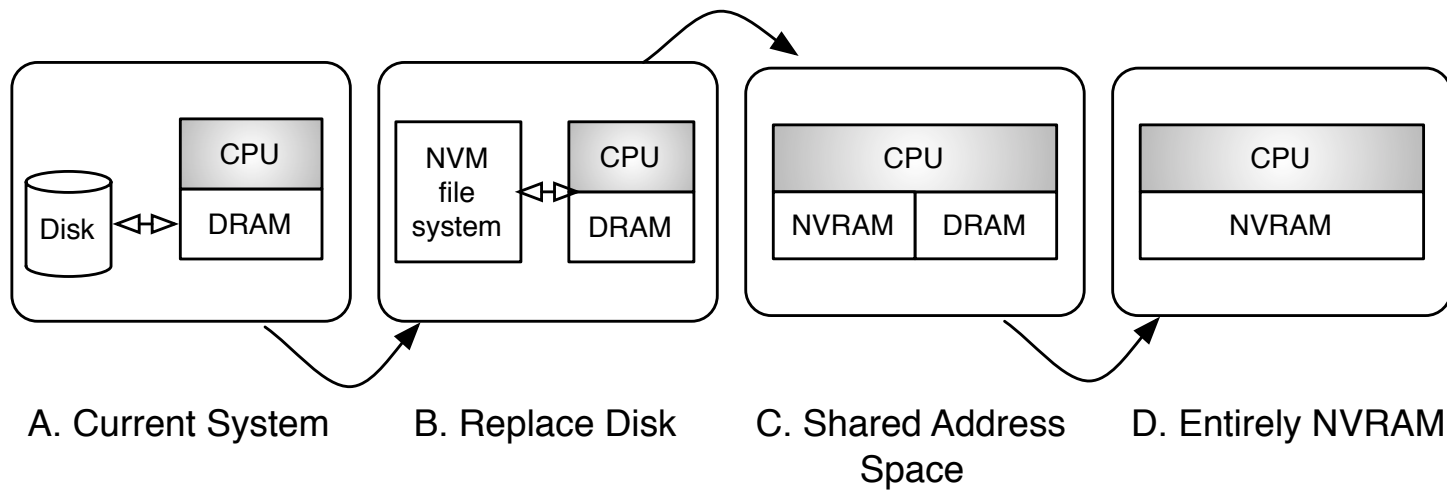
Figure 1. Typical PCM device structure.

# Properties

- Fast reads (~2-3x slower than DRAM)
- Slower writes
- Endurance:  $10^8$  write cycles
- Byte-addressable

# Canonical NVRAM uses

- Density
  - Use PCM for its **density characteristics only**
  - Topic of most architecture research
- Durability
  - **Expose non-volatility characteristics to SW**
  - Spectrum of HW/SW interface choices:



# Implications on OS Design

- **Assumptions (far out):** Entire memory is fast, non-volatile (D)
- **OS components**
  - Virtual Memory
  - File systems
- **Execution models**
  - Application installation and launch
  - Software faults
  - Software updates
  - Recycling OS state/reboot
- **System properties**
  - Reliability
  - Security, Privacy and Forensics

# OS Components

- Virtual Memory

- No more paging/swapping?, page granularity?
- Unify memory protect and file system access control?
- Reconsider single-address-space designs?

- File systems

- Most *straightforward* use of NVM
- Should we *rethink FS interface* in this context?
  - Most past research on NVM-based FS keeps current interface
- Perhaps have in-memory DB services?

# Execution Models



- Applications and Processes
  - Does the concept of install and launch apply?
    - Always a “running” image (e.g., see iOS)
  - How to deal corrupted state during faults?
  - How is application code updated?
- OS operations
  - What does a reboot do?
  - Do we still need reboots?

# System Properties

- **Reliability**
  - Data corruption
    - Dangling pointers might corrupt durable objects
    - Implicit data “sanitization” in two-level store
  - Data portability
    - Big deal that we can’t move data physically between systems?
- **Security, Privacy and Forensics**
  - Device theft worse?
  - Cold boot attacks worse?
  - Better forensics with NVM gave fast and frequent checkpoints?



# New Uses for NVM

- New programming models
  - Expose durable data-structures more directly
- Continuous copy-on-write 
  - Remember the entire execution history
- High-frequency power on/off 
  - Better power proportionality
- <Anything else?>