

Highly Accurate
Macromolecular Structure Modeling
by Deep Learning

Xiao Wang

What is Macromolecular Structure?

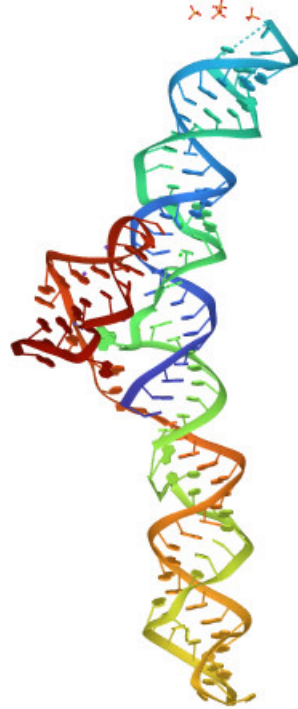
- Large molecules: DNA, RNA, protein

DNA



Gene Information

RNA



**Gene Regulation
Protein Synthesis**

Protein



Cellular Functions

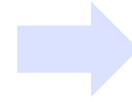
Complex



**Gene Regulation
Protein Synthesis**

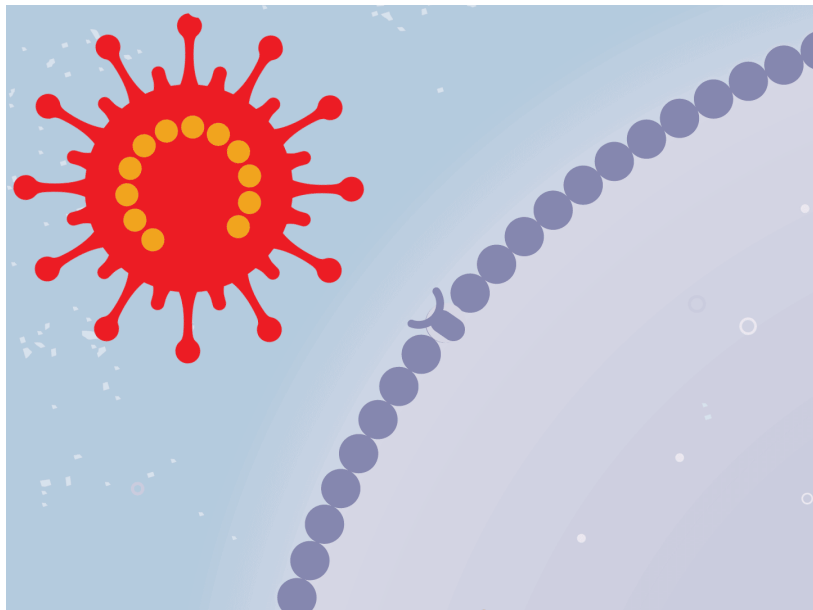
Why we study Macromolecular Structure?

Structure



Function

SARS-CoV-2 enters
human cells

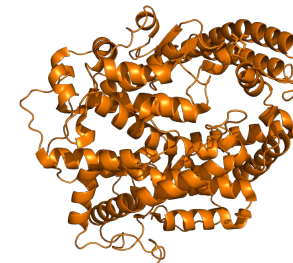


Spike protein

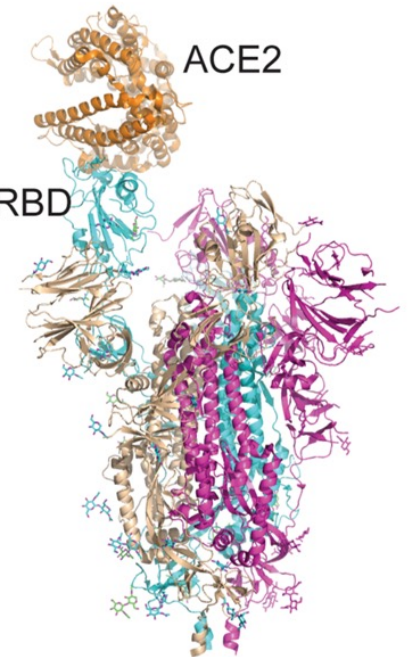
Closed RBD



ACE2 protein



Opened RBD



Why we study Macromolecular Structure?

Structure

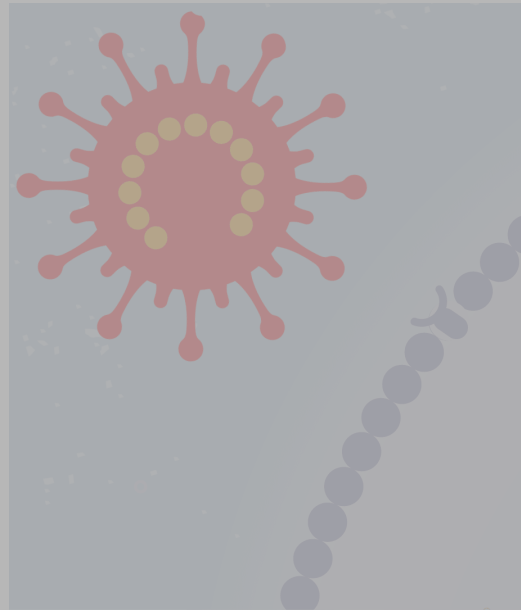


Function

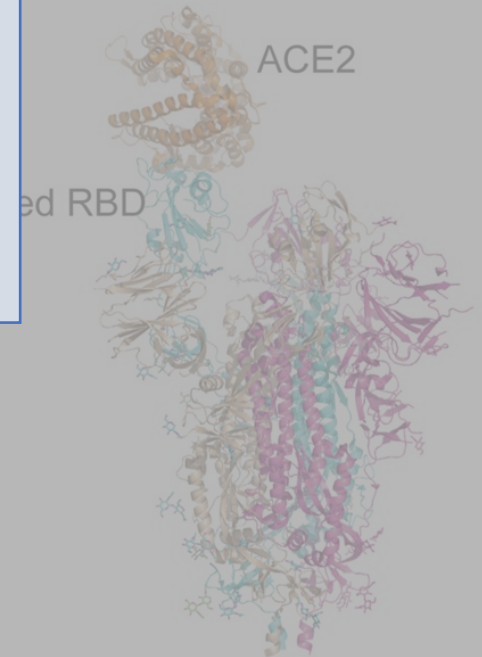
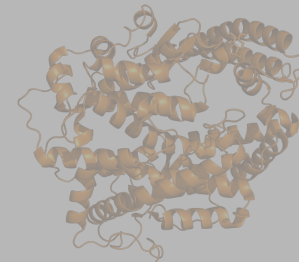
SARS-CoV-2 enters
human cell

Spike protein

Structure is important!
3D coordinates of atoms
are important!



ACE2 protein



How to Determine Macromolecular Structure?

X-ray Crystallography



X-Ray Crystallography Facility
Florida State University

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR)



Bruker 800MHz NMR
BRWN @ Purdue

Cryo-Electron Microscopy(cryo-EM)

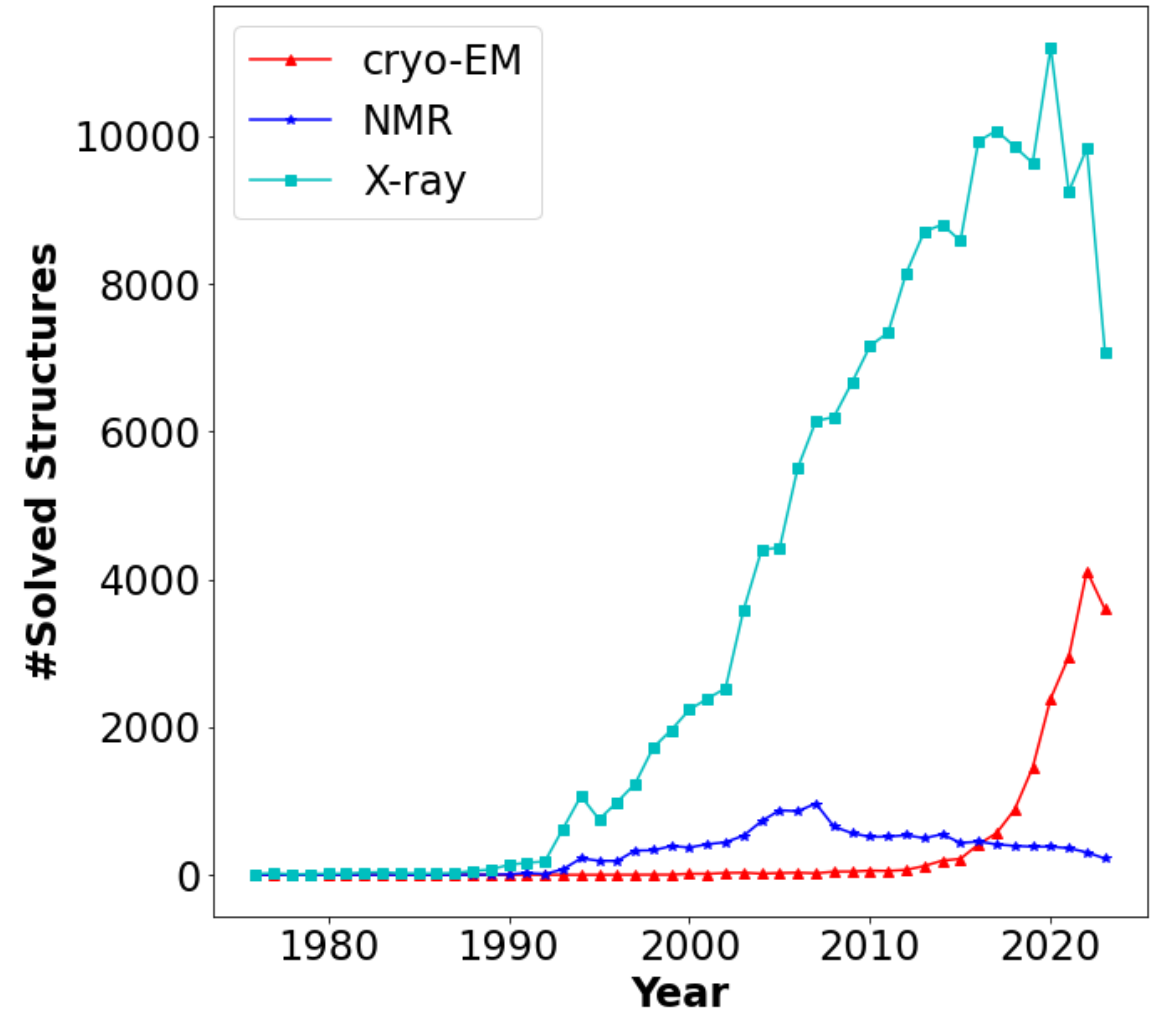


Krios G4 Cryo-EM
HOCK @ Purdue

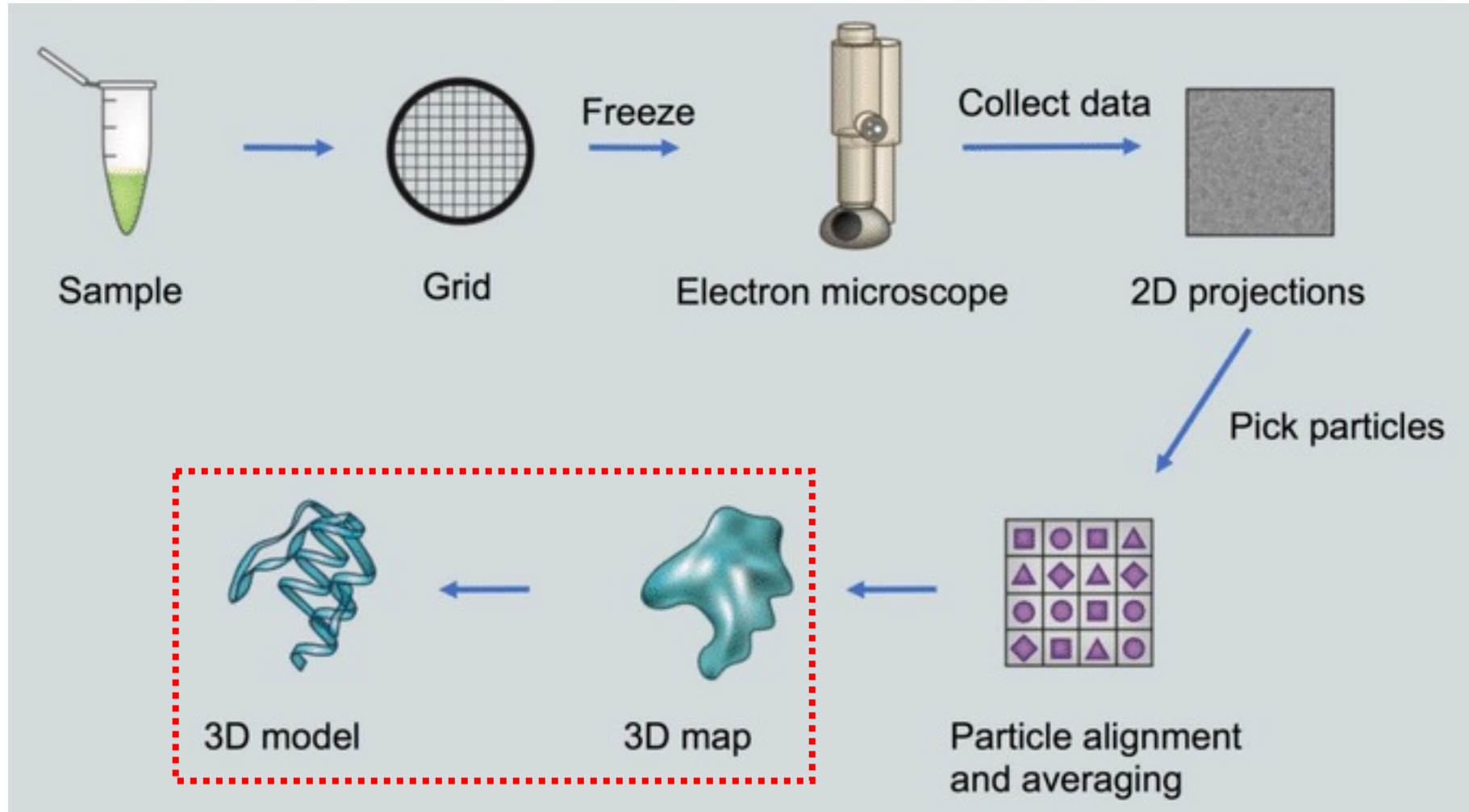
(Photo by Charles Christoffer, 2022)

Statistics – Structure Determination Methods

- Number of solved structures per year by different methods.
- Cryo-EM become popular!
- Advantage of cryo-EM:
 - No need to be crystallized.
 - Can determine large macromolecules.

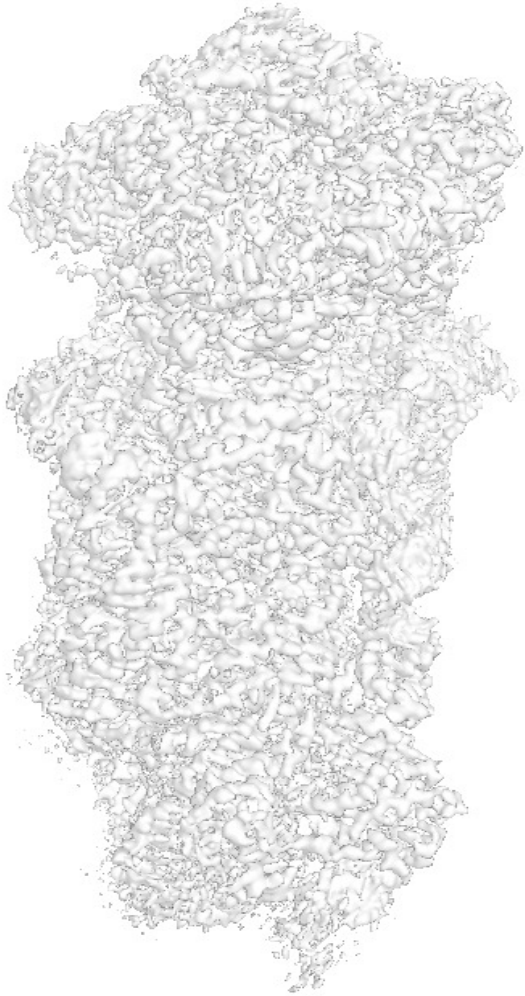


Cryo-EM Structure Determination Pipeline

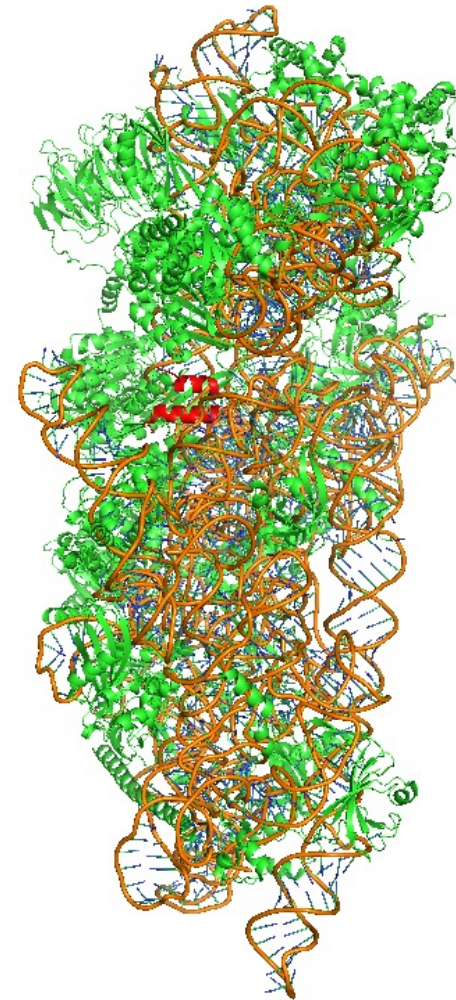


AI for Macromolecular Structure Modeling

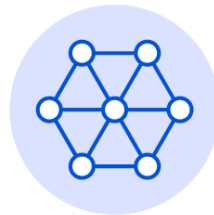
Cryo-EM Map



Structure

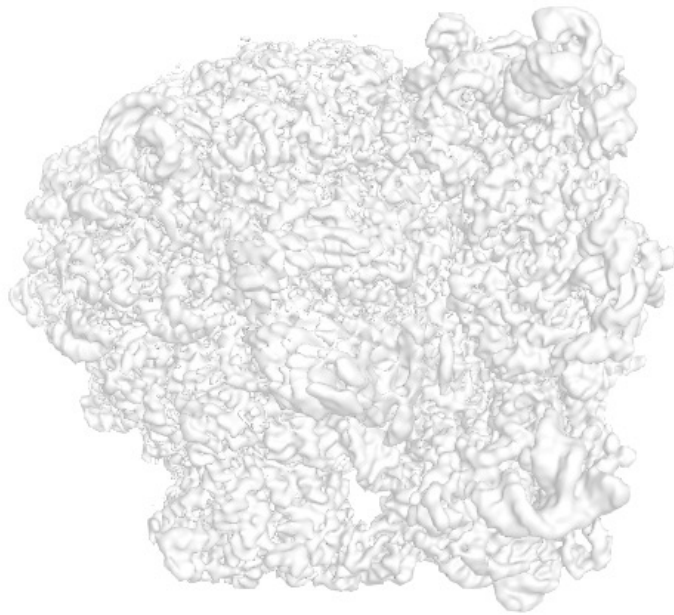


Structure Modeling

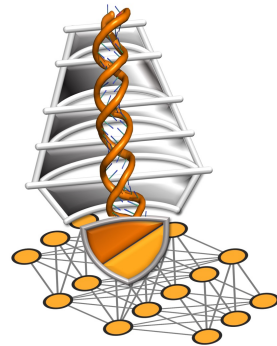


Method 1: CryoREAD for DNA/RNA structure modeling

Cryo-EM Map

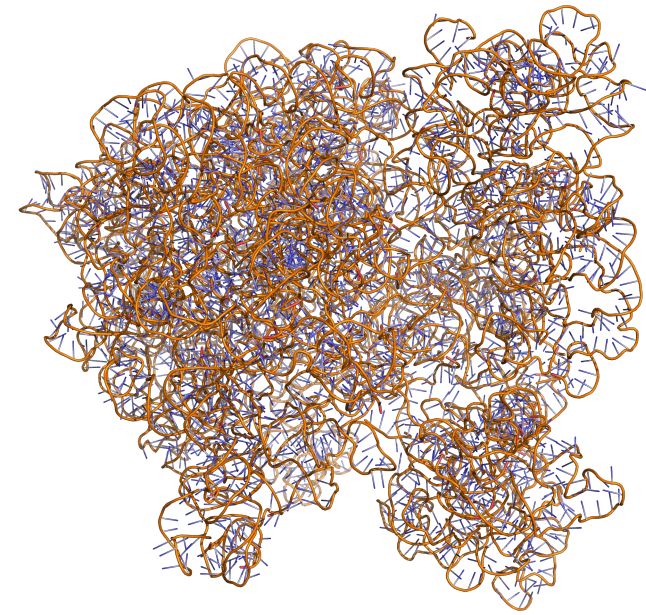


Structure Modeling



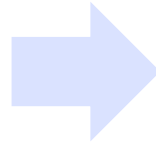
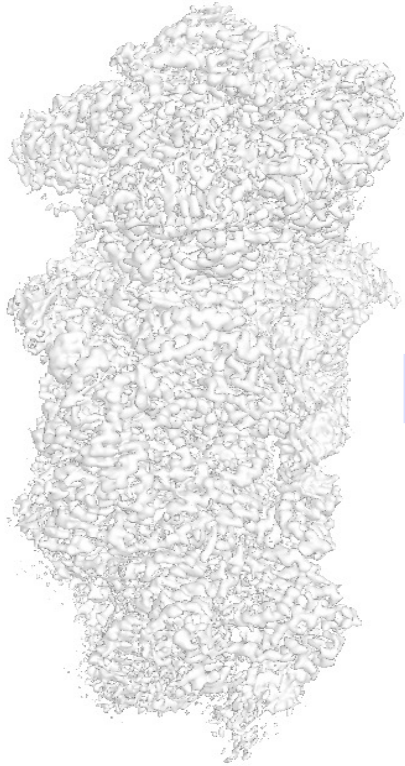
CryoREAD

DNA/RNA
Structure



Previous Structure Modeling Methods

Cryo-EM Map



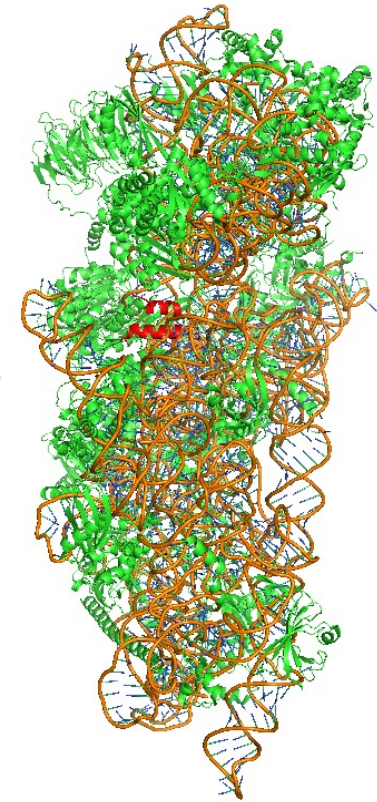
**Manual
Modeling**



**Computation
Tools**

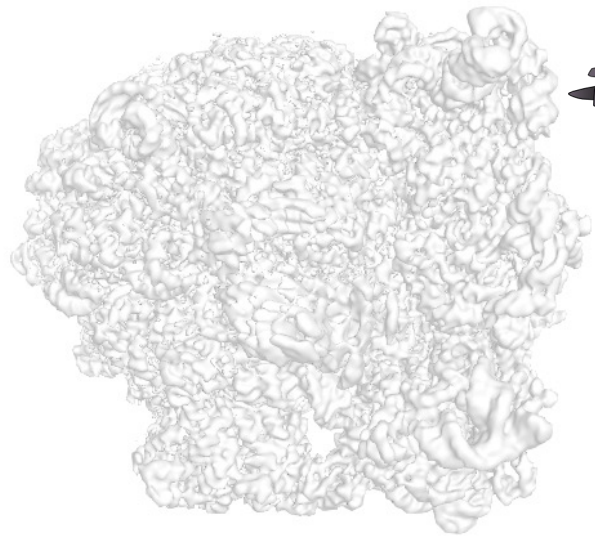


Structure

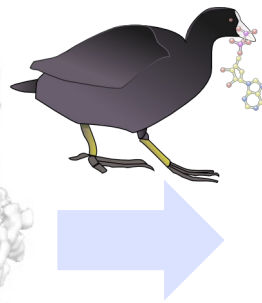


Manual Modeling: Interactive Structure Modeling

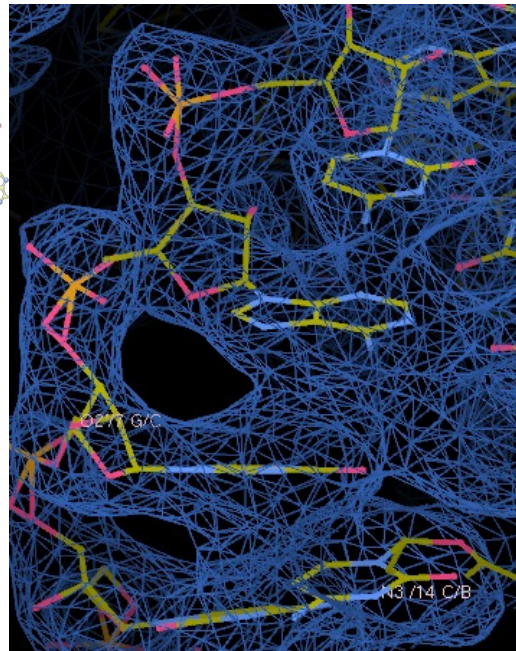
Cryo-EM Map



Coot



Detailed
Visualization



Limitations:

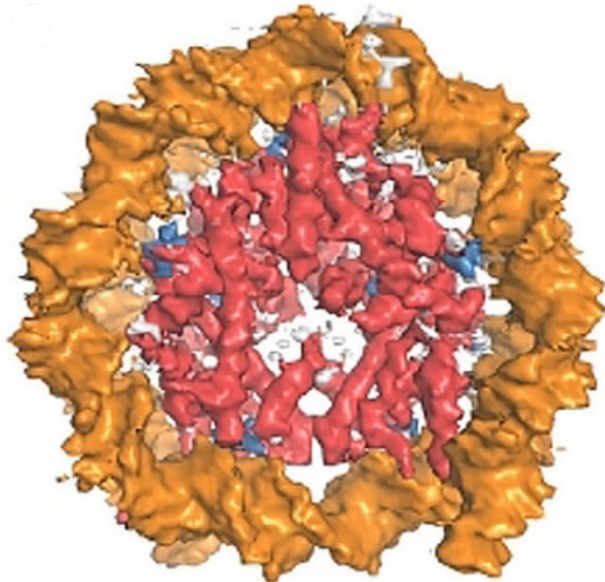
- Time-consuming
- Local low resolution
- Human errors

Previous computational modeling

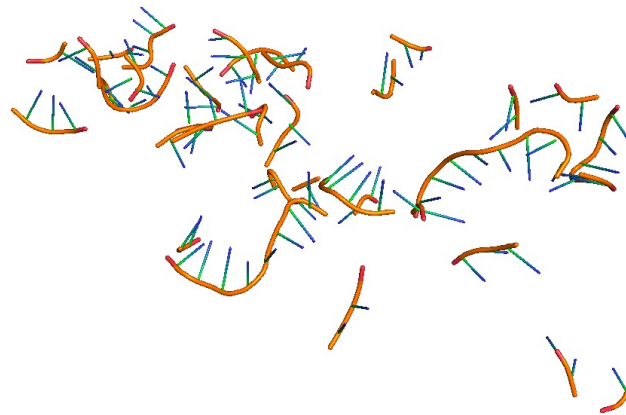
- Haruspex: Only structure detection
- Phenix:
 1. Focused on protein
 2. DNA/RNA atomic model is not accurate.

No good DNA/RNA computational tools!

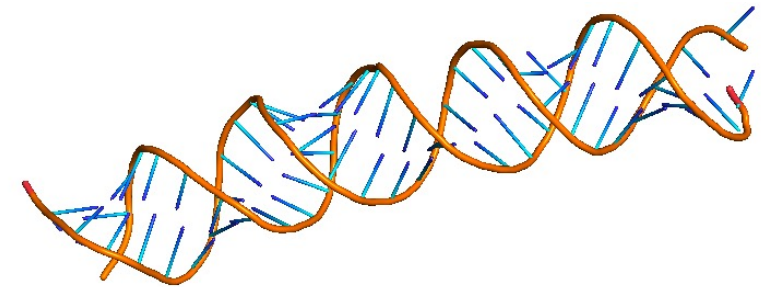
HaruSpex



Phenix

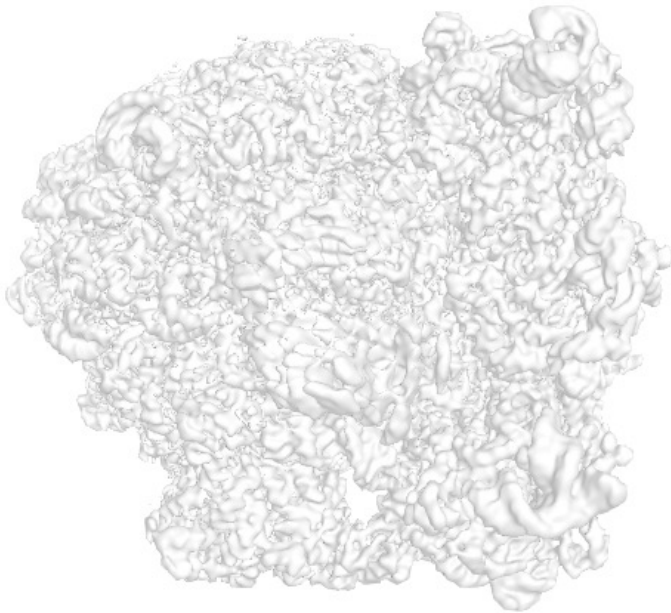


Native Structure
(Ground Truth)



CryoREAD: *De Novo* DNA/RNA Structure Modeling

Cryo-EM Map

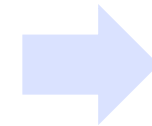


Sequence(Optional)

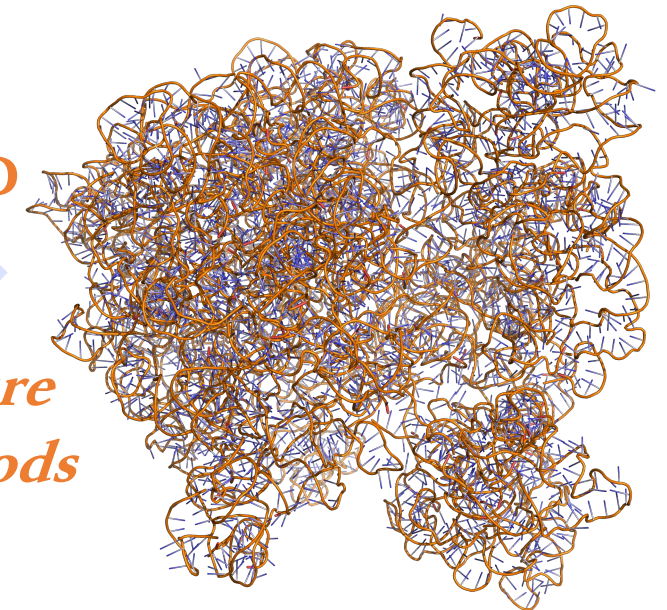
```
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UACCUGGUUGAUCCUGCCAGU
AGCAUAUGCUUGUCUCAAAGA
UUAAGCCAUGCAUGUCUAAGU
ACGCACGGCCGGUACAGUGAA
ACUGCGAAUGGCUCAUUAUU
CAGUUAUGGUUCCUUUGGUCG
>chain B
UAACUGUGGUAAUUCUAGAGC
UAAUACAUGCCGACGGGGCGCU
GACCCCUUCGCGGGGGGGGAU
GCGUGCAUUUAUCAGAUCAAA
ACCAACCCGGUCAGCCCCUC
```

DNA/RNA
Structure

Cryo
READ



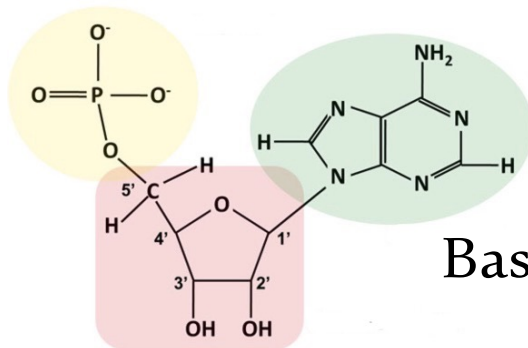
*Nature
Methods*



Background: DNA/RNA Structure

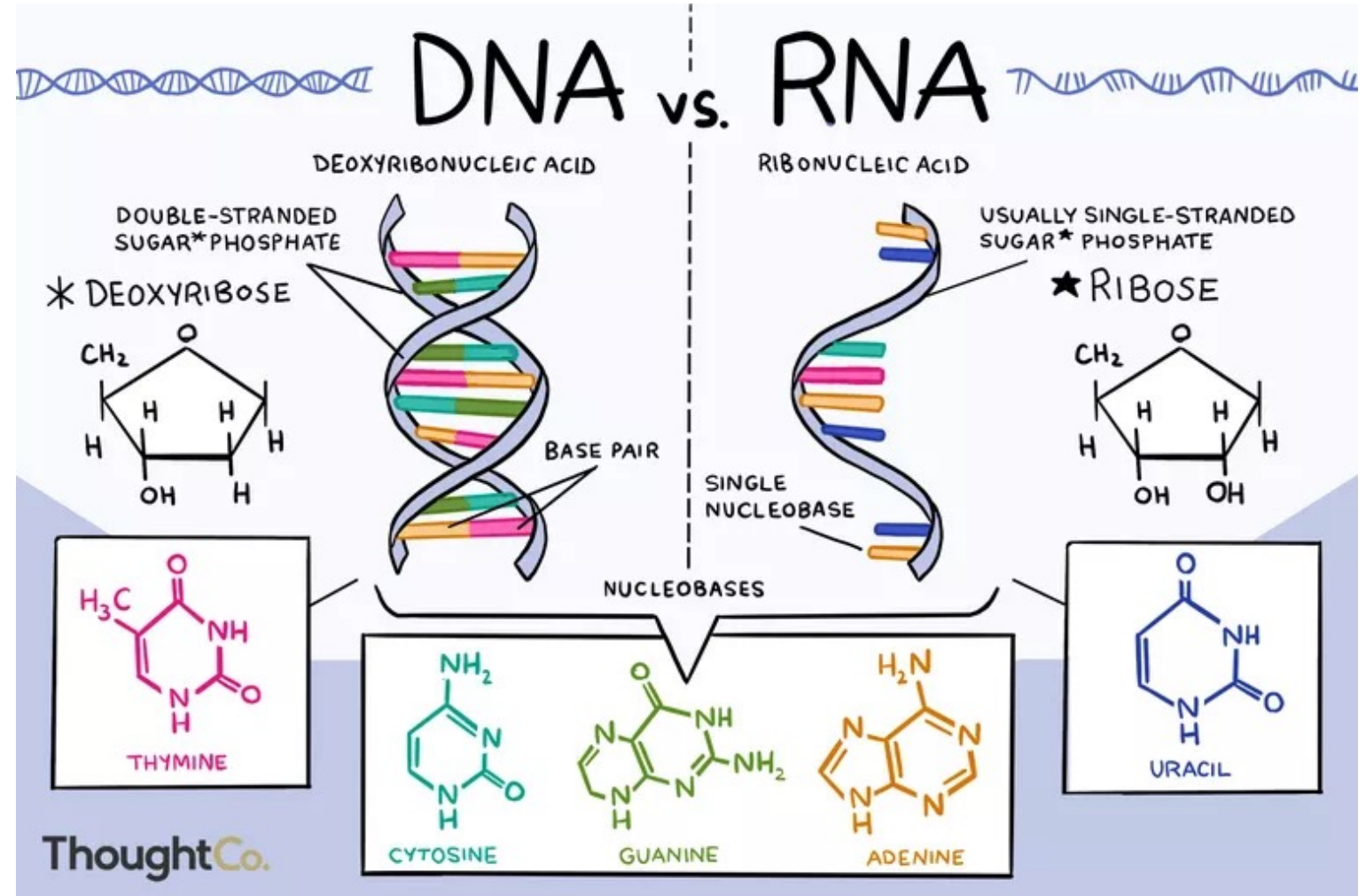
Nucleotides

Phosphate



Sugar

Base



Domain Knowledge: DNA/RNA Structure

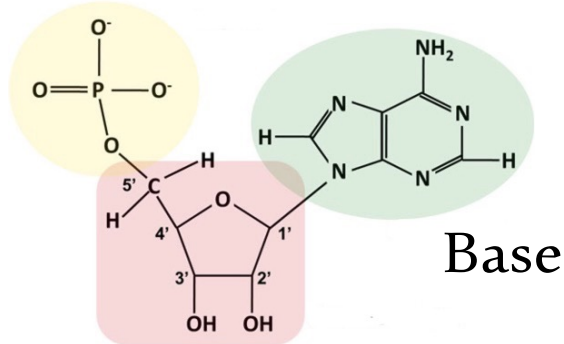
Nucleotides

**Phosphate-Sugar
Backbone**

Base Type

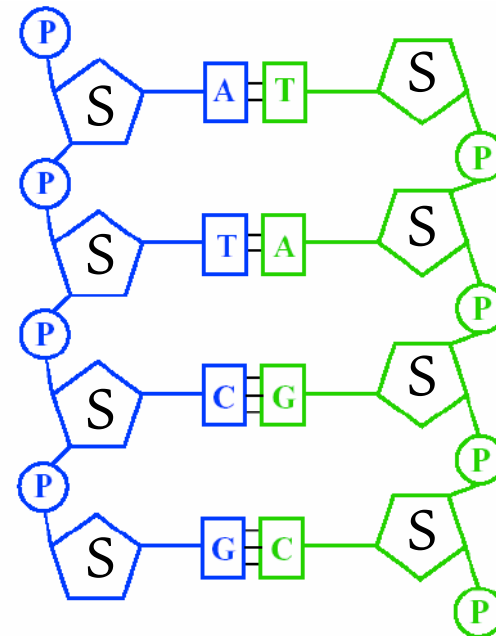
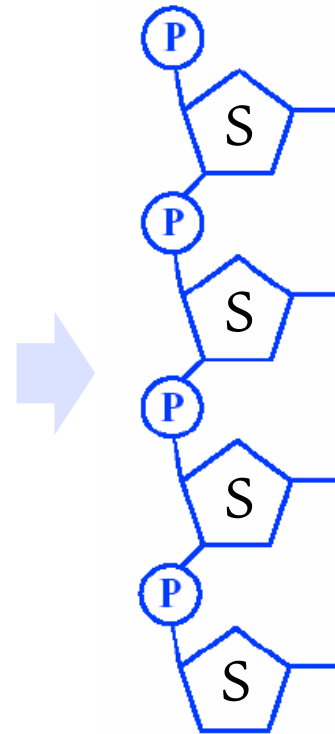
3D Structure

Phosphate

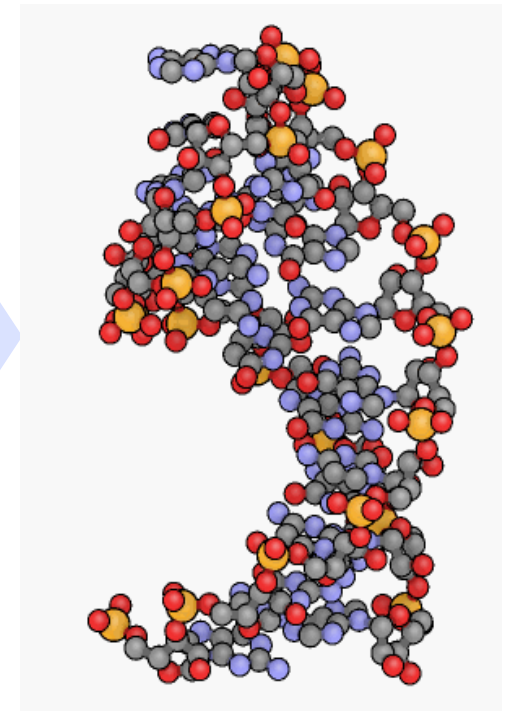


Base

Sugar

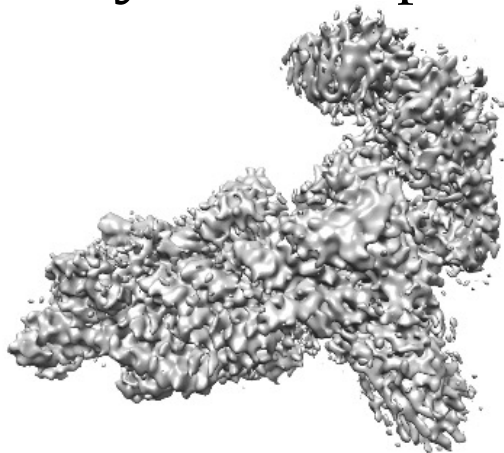


Base Pairing

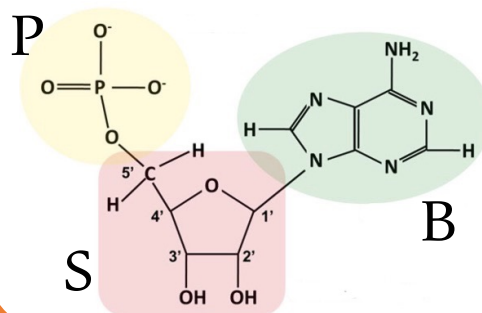


Overview of CryoREAD

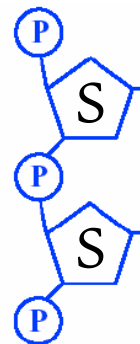
Cryo-EM Map



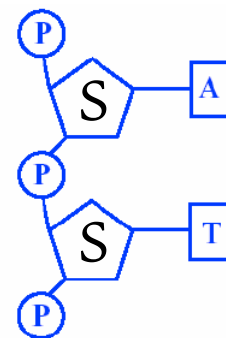
Nucleotides



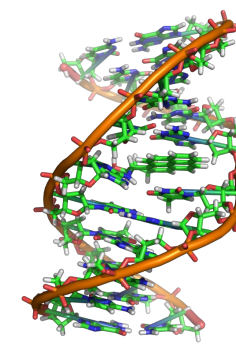
Backbone



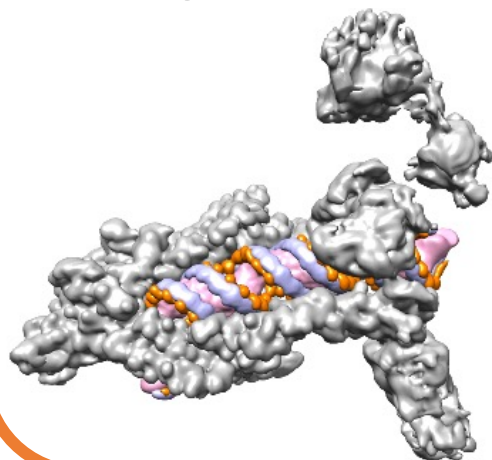
Base Type



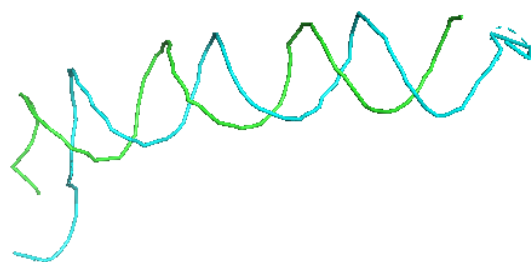
3D Structure



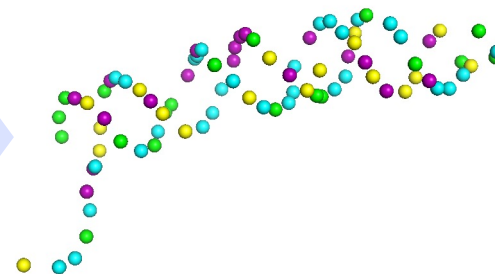
AI Segmentation



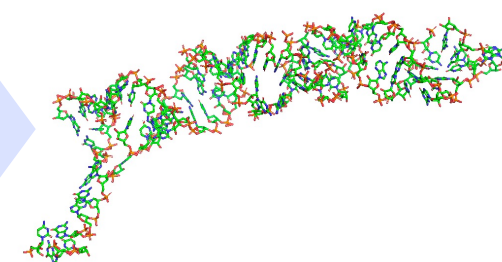
Backbone Tracing



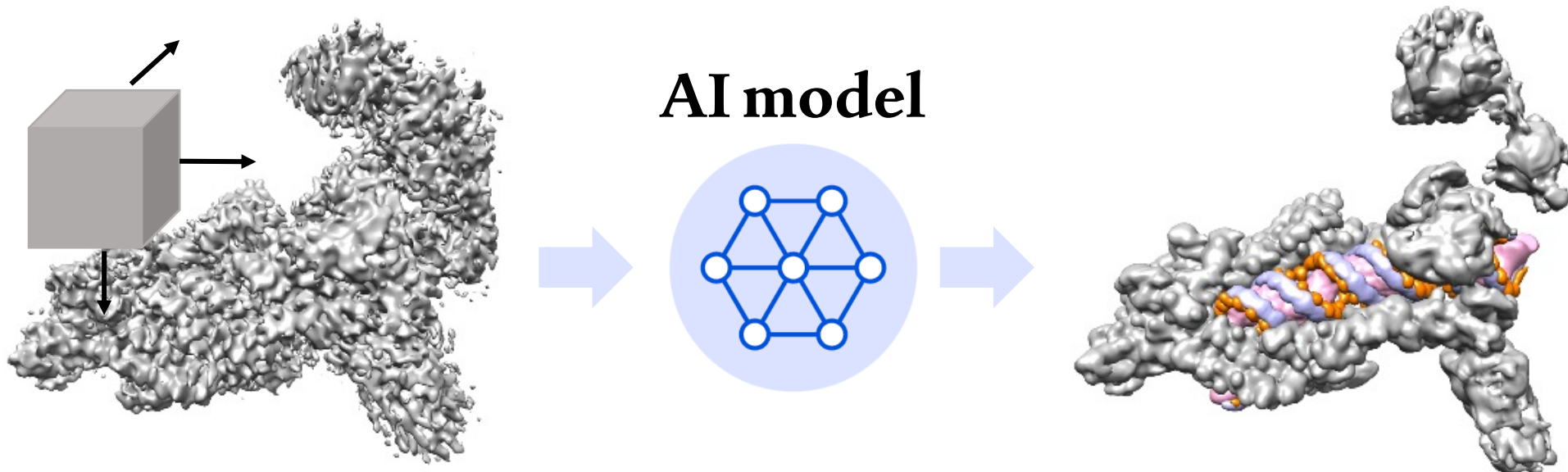
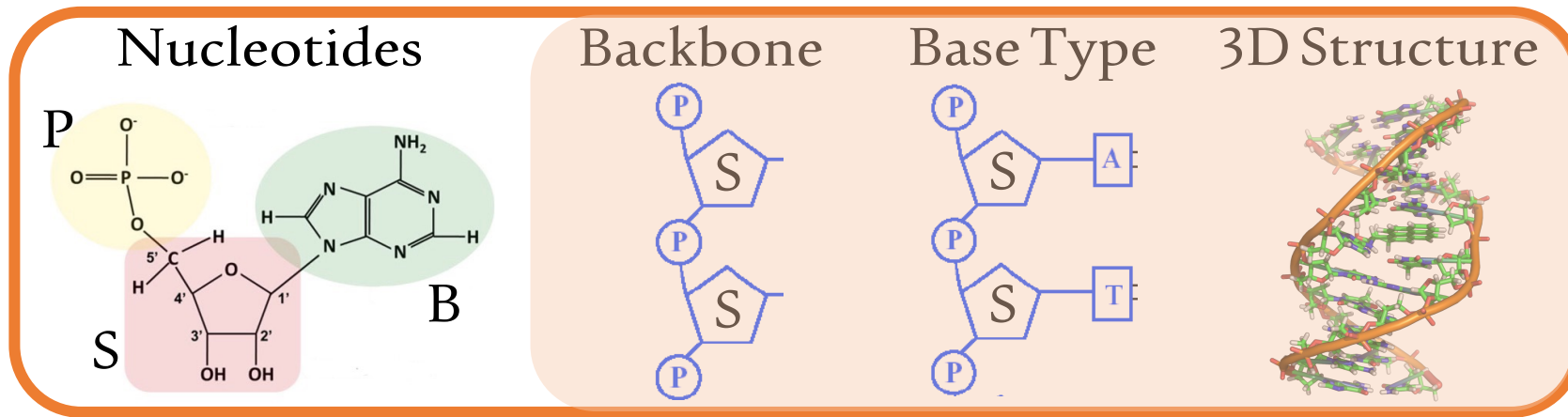
Sequence Assignment



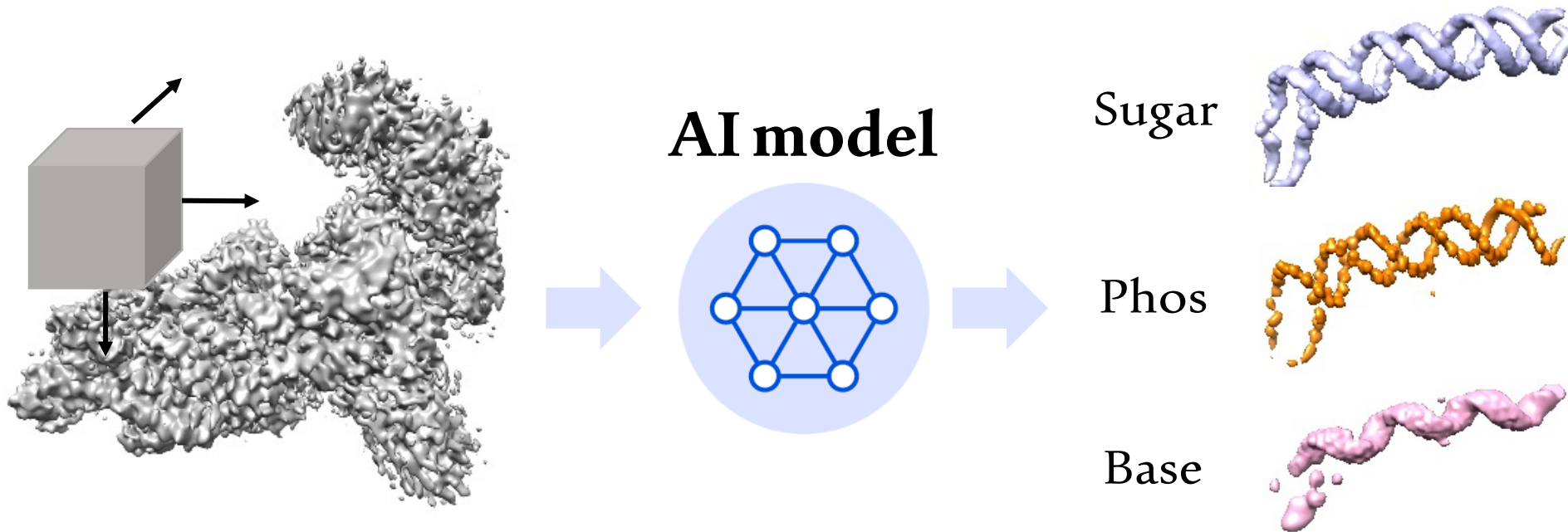
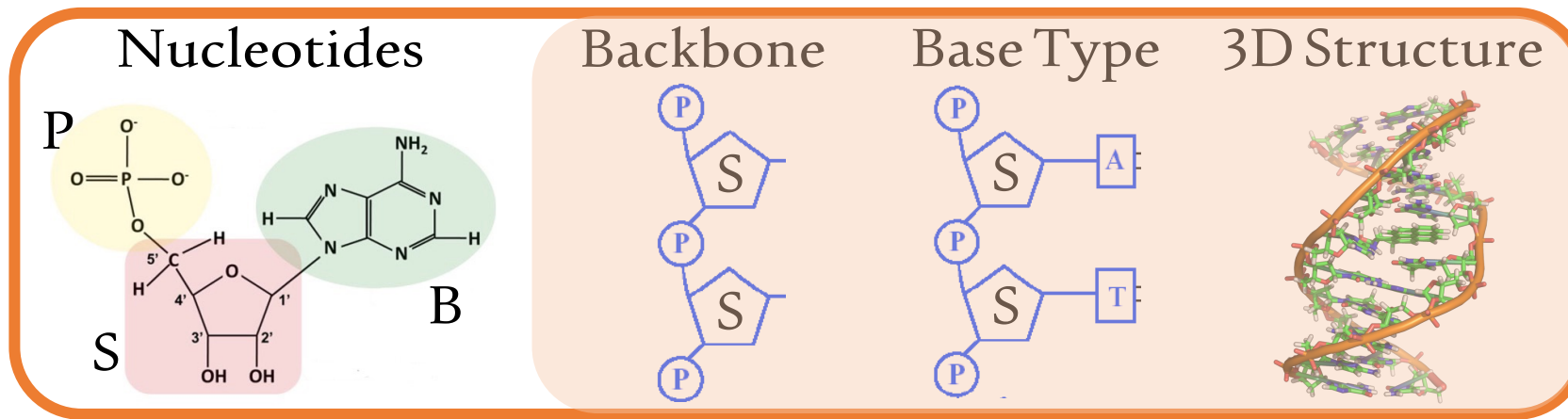
3D Structure



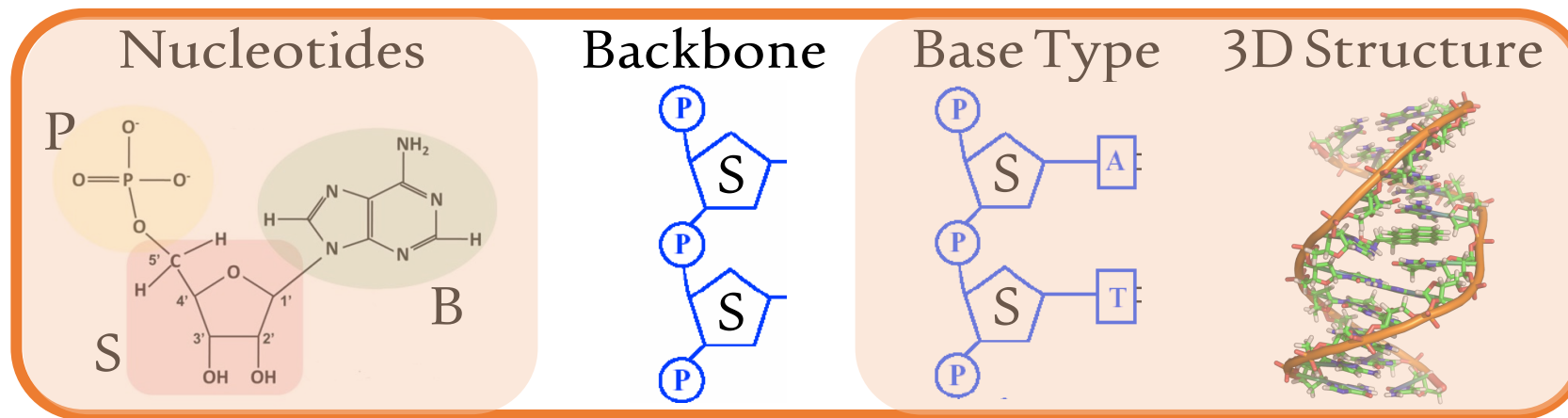
Step 1: Phos-Sugar-Base-Protein Segmentation



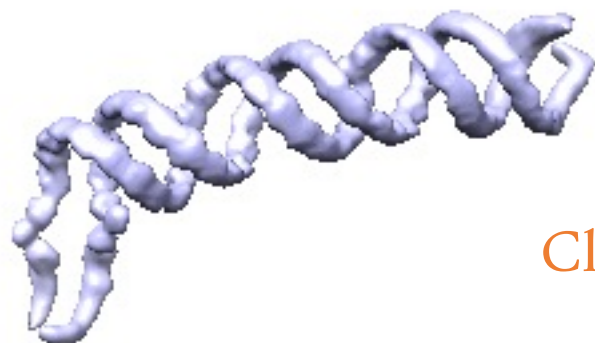
Step 1: Phos-Sugar-Base-Protein Segmentation



Step 2: Backbone Tracing

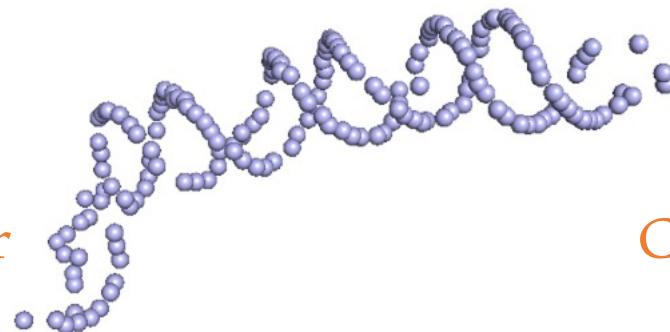


Sugar Detection



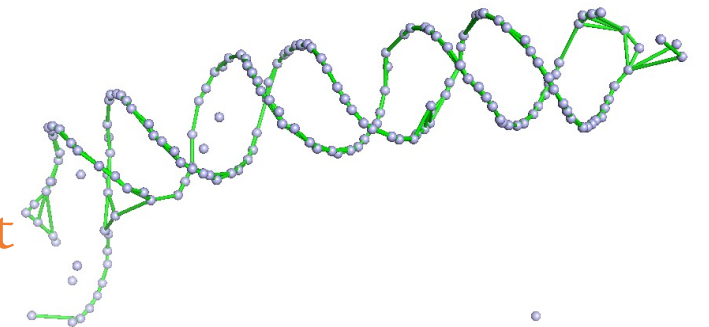
Cluster

Sugar Node

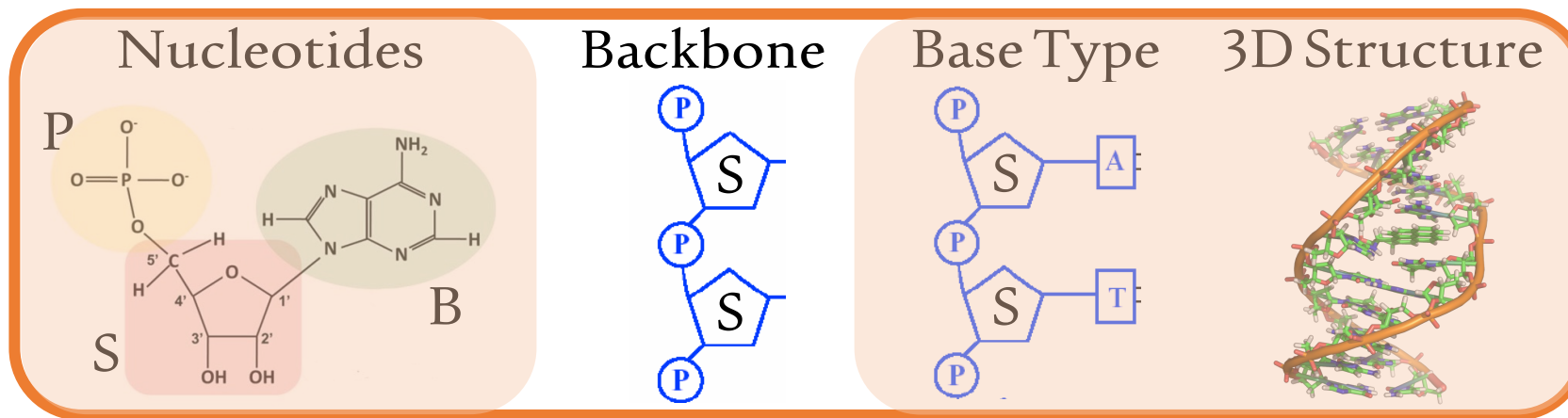


Connect

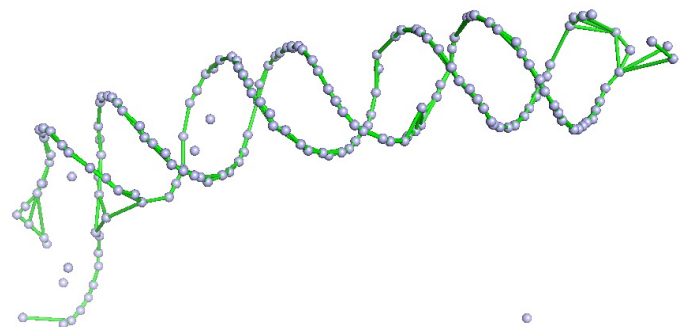
Sugar Graph



Step 2: Backbone Tracing



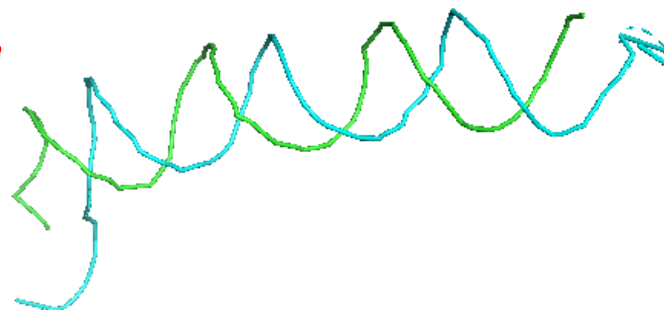
Sugar Graph



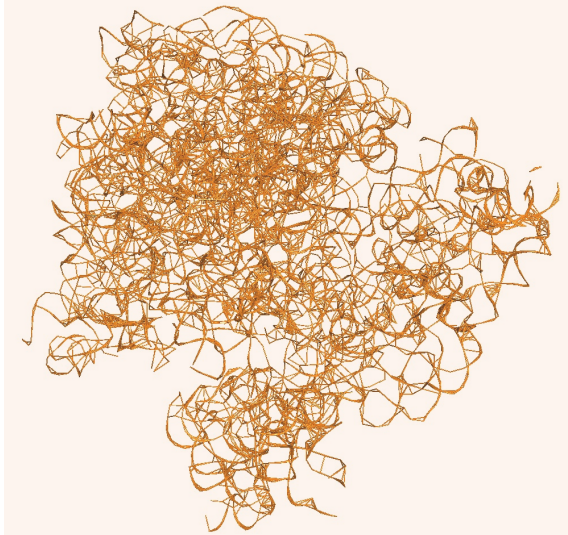
Easy Job?



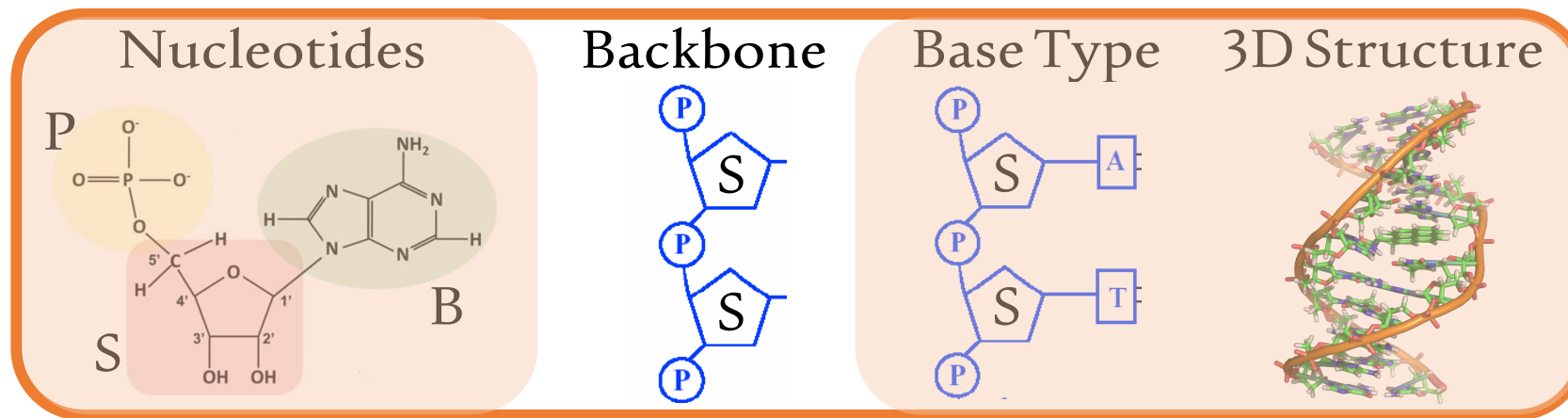
Sugar Backbone



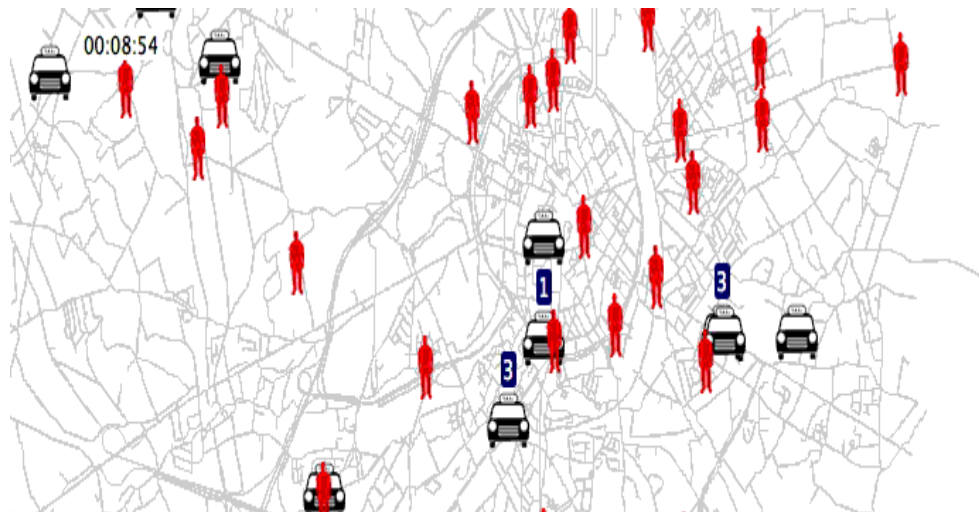
How about This?



Step 2: Backbone Tracing



Vehicle Routing Problem



Problem Reformulation

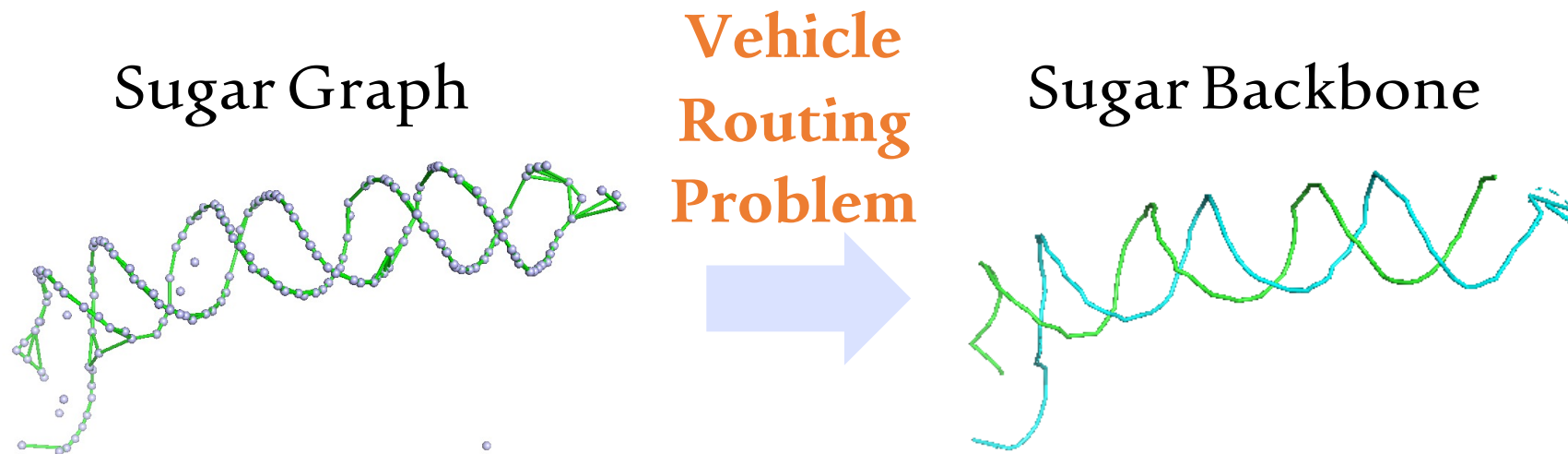
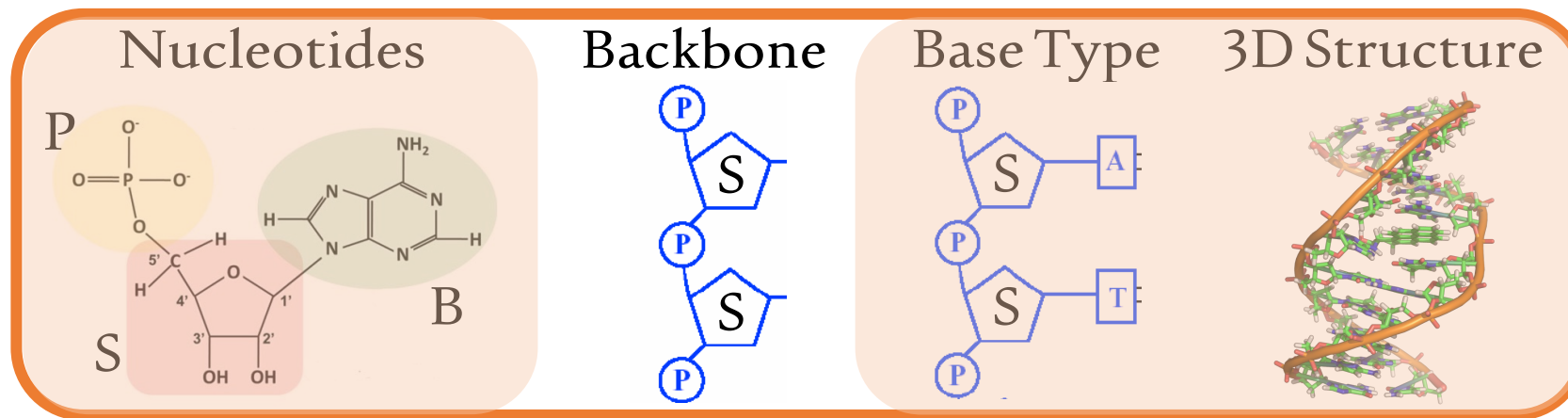
$$Cost = \sum_{i=1}^{N_p} \sum_{j=1}^{L(i)-1} w_{i,j} + P_{drop} \sum_{k=1}^N drop_k$$

Sugar Node: Locations

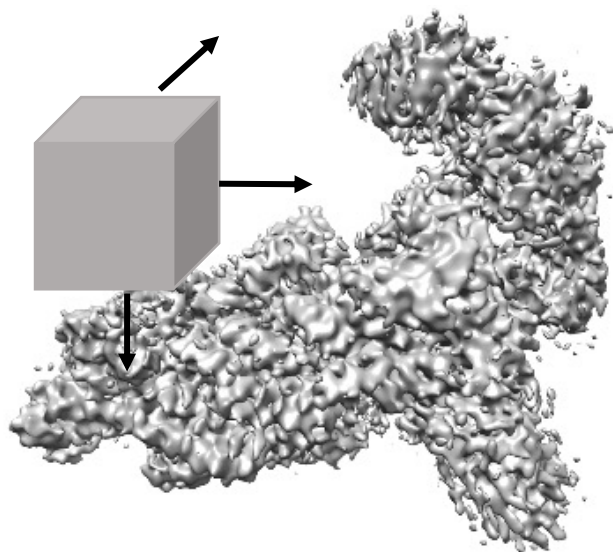
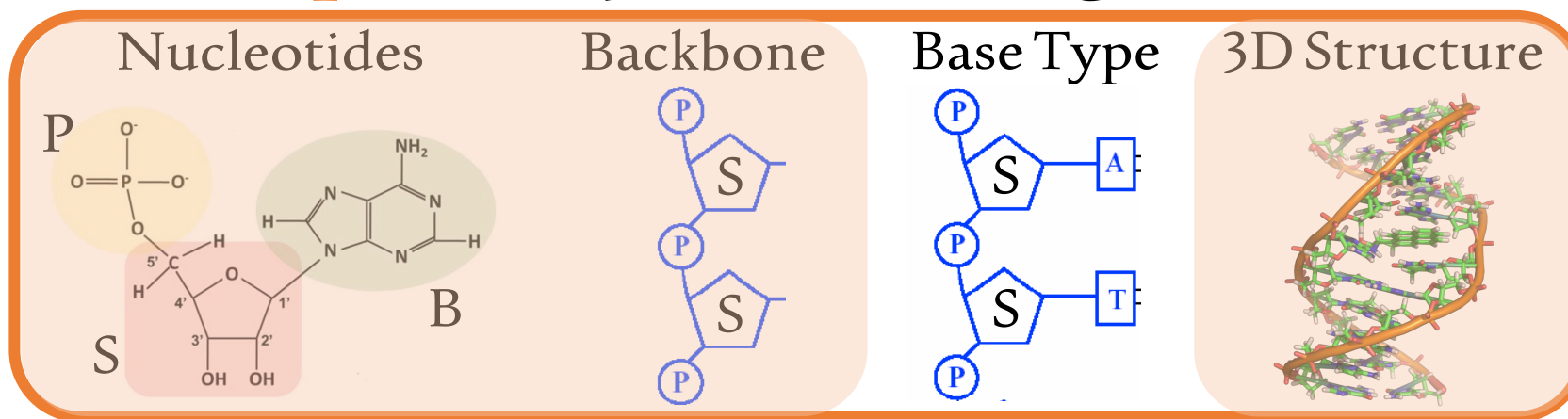
N_p Chains: N_p Vehicles

Drop Wrong Node: Drop Penalty

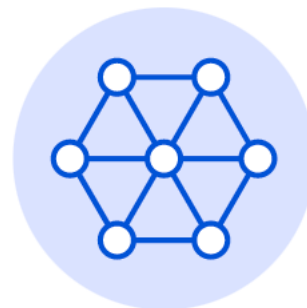
Step 2: Backbone Tracing



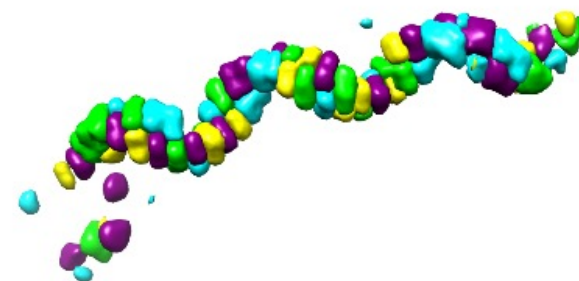
Step 3: Sequence Assignment



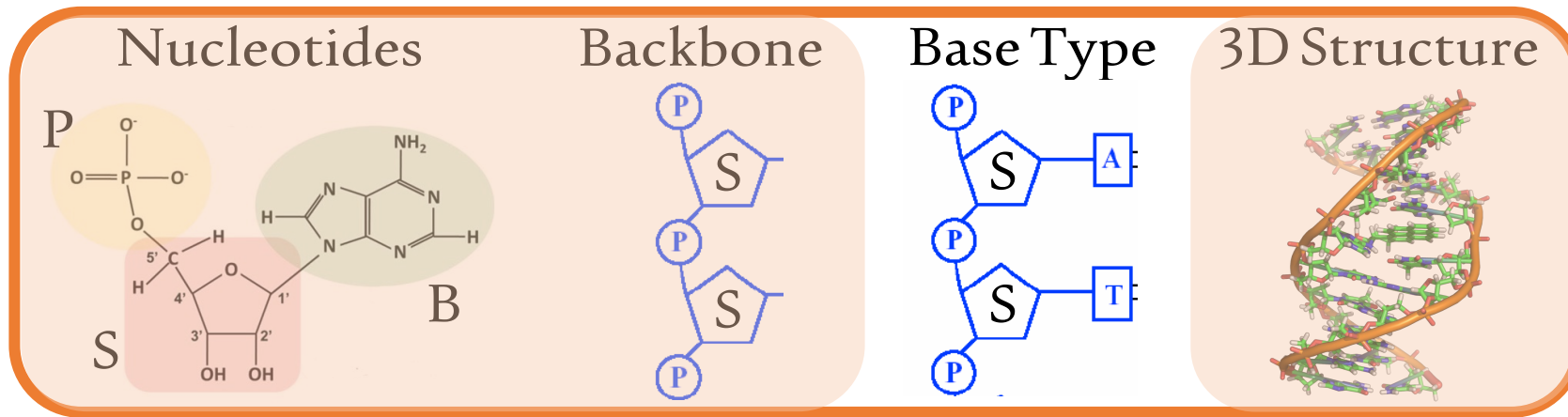
AI model



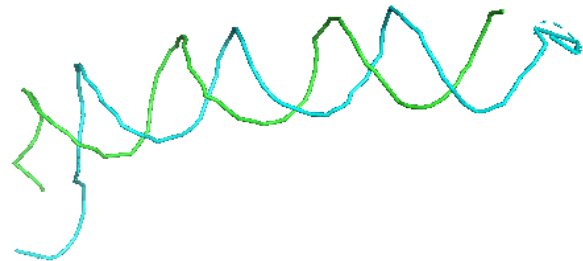
Base Type Detection



Step 3: Sequence Assignment



Sugar Backbone



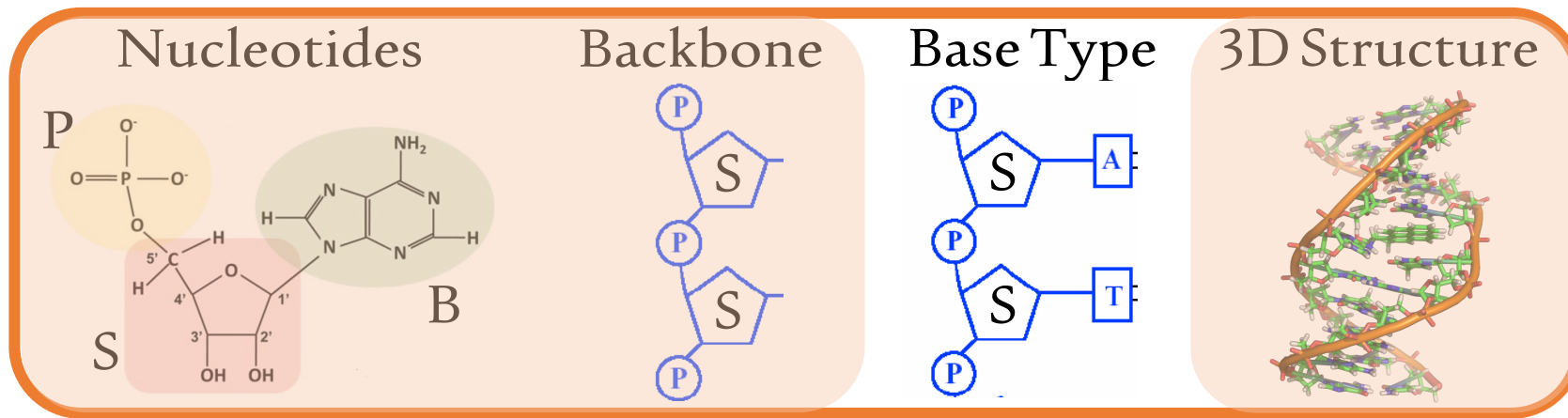
Base Type Detection



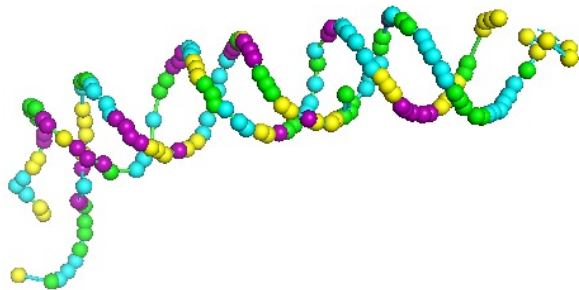
Initial Sequence Assignment



Step 3: Sequence Assignment

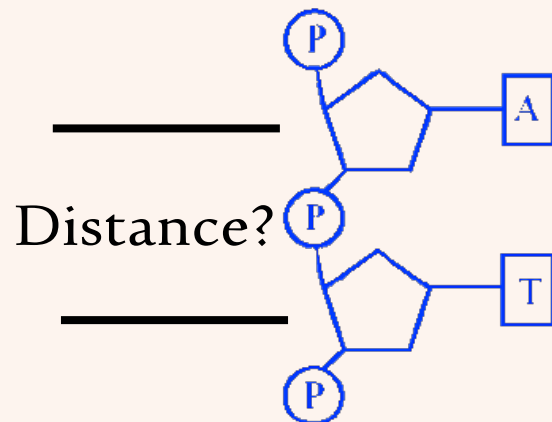


Initial Sequence Assignment



Limitations

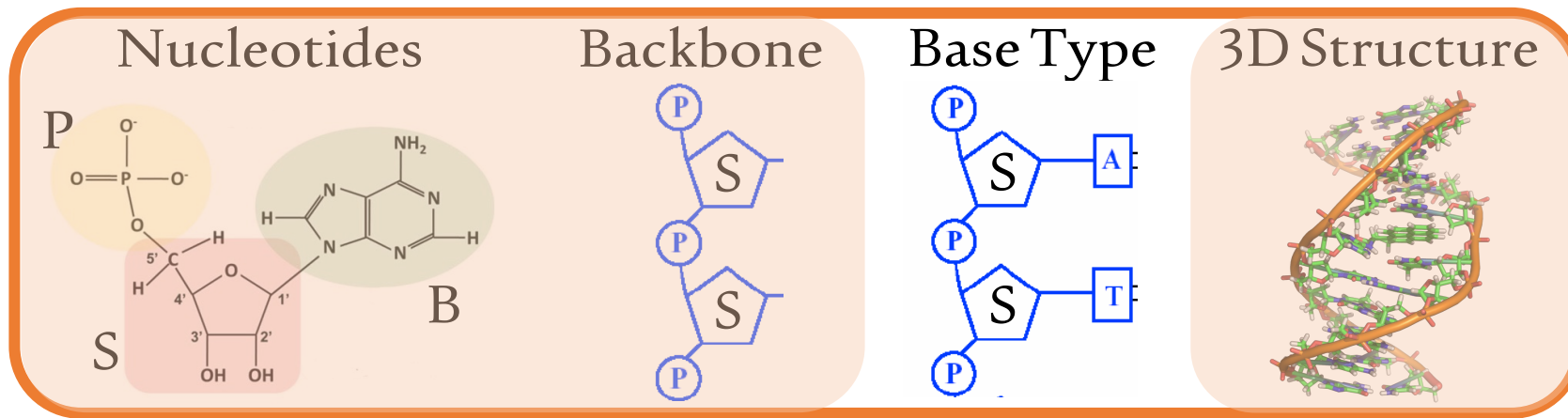
➤ Geometry Constraint



➤ Sequence Information

```
>chain A
UACCUGGUUGAUCC
UGCCAGUAGCAUAU
GCUUGUCUCAAGA
UUAAGCCA
```

Step 3: Sequence Assignment



Initial Sequence Assignment

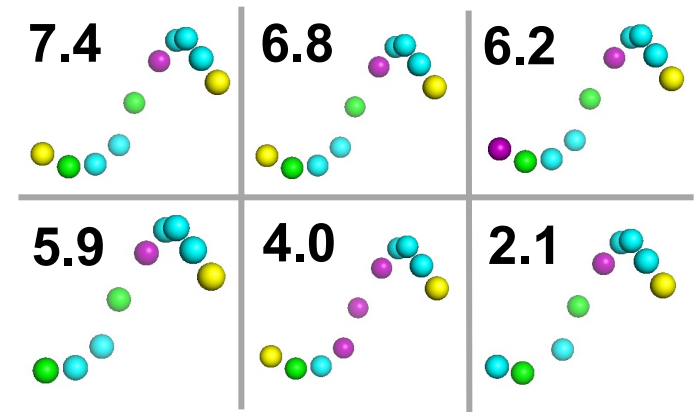
Scanned Fragments

Fragment Assignment



Sliding Window

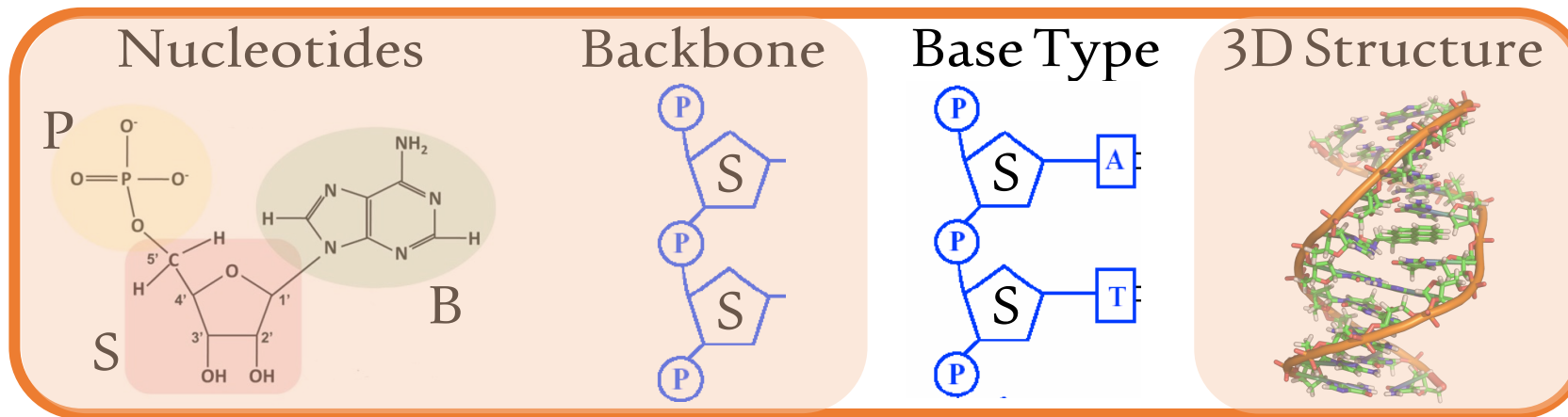
DP



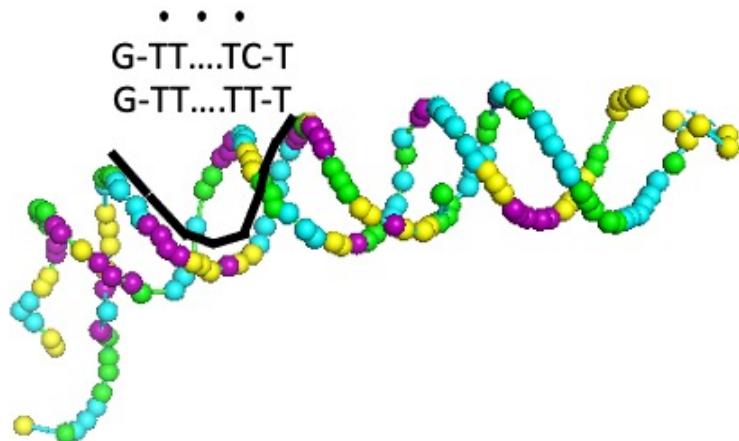
Input Sequence

....UACCUGGUUGAUCCUGCCAGUAGCA.....

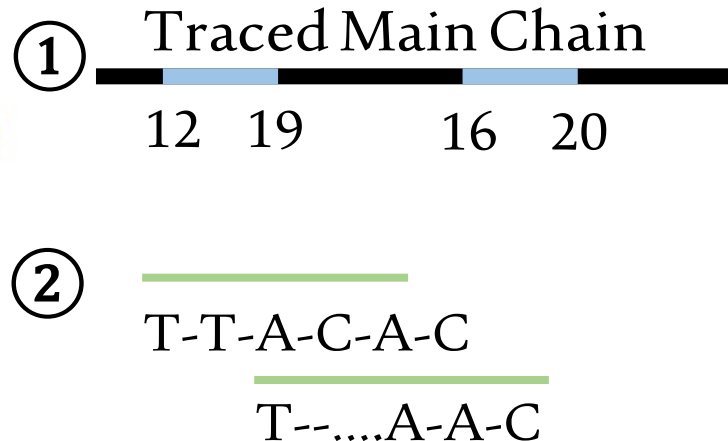
Step 3: Sequence Assignment



Multiple Assignments



Conflict Assignments



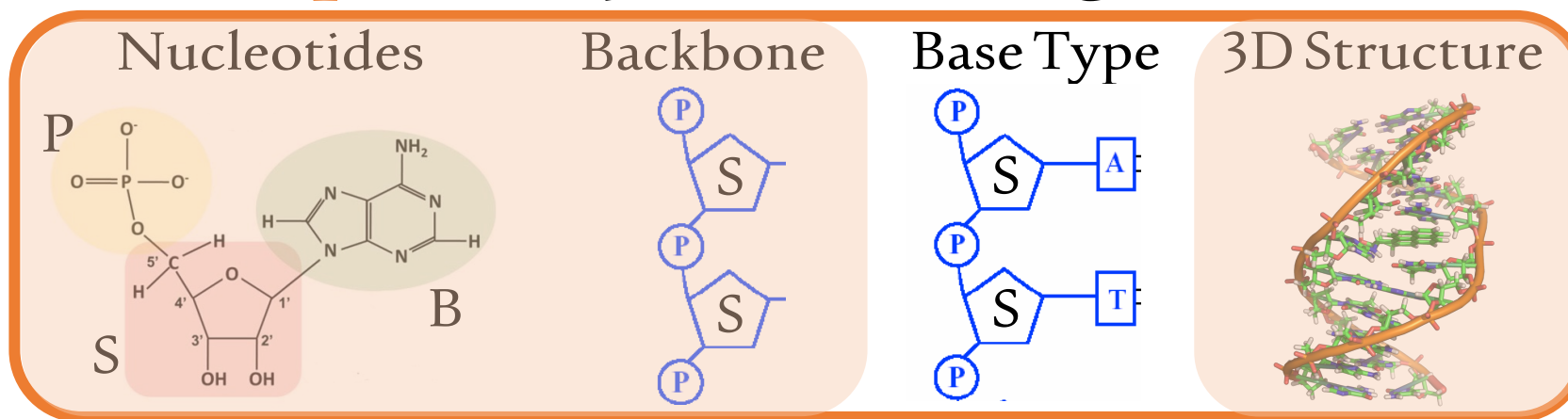
Constraint Programming

$$\max \sum_{i=1}^N x_i r_i$$

with $x_i \in \{0,1\}$

s.t. $x_i + x_j + x_k + \dots + x_l = 1$

Step 3: Sequence Assignment

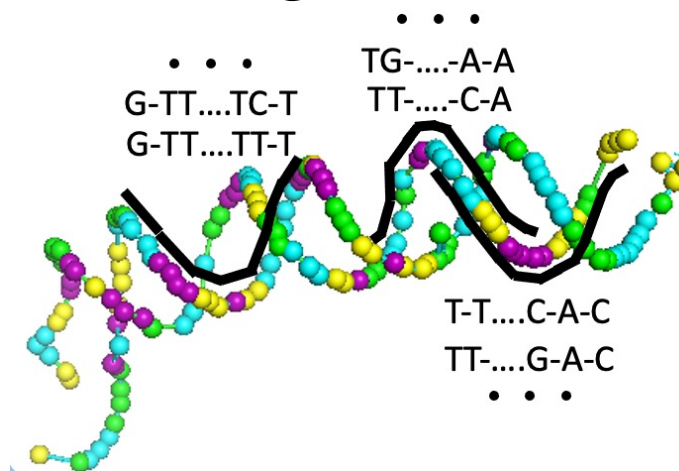


Initial Assignment



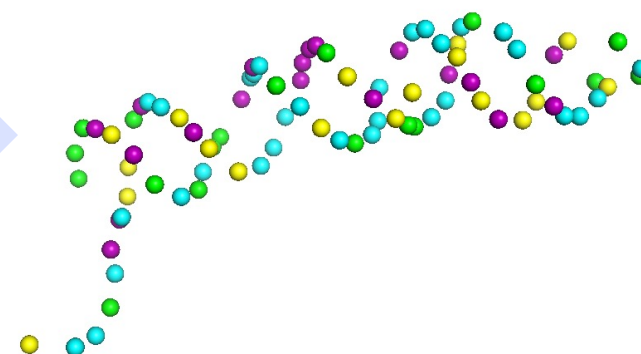
DP

Fragment-based Assignment

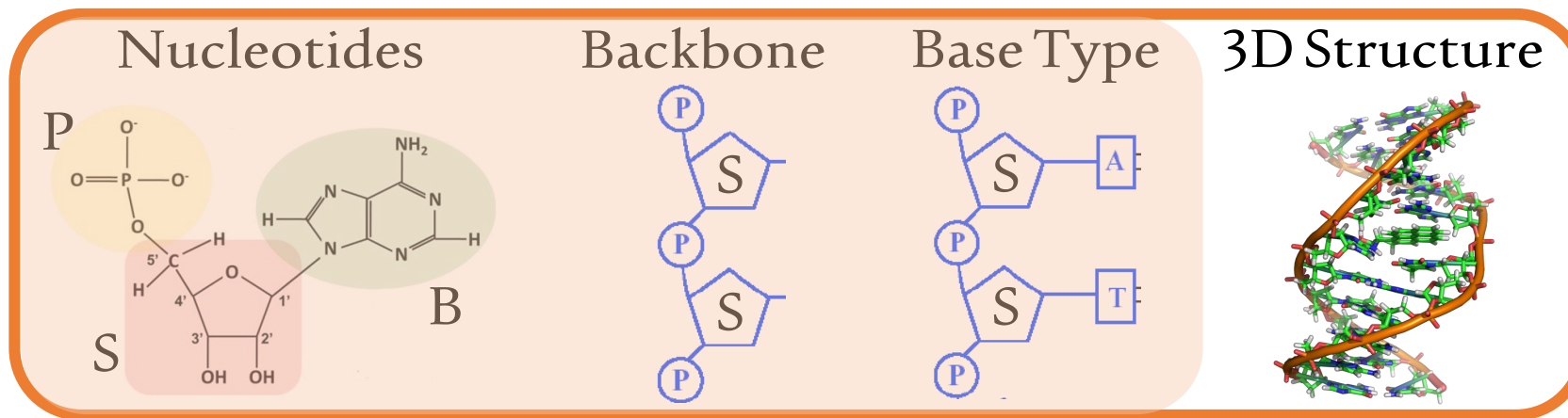


CP

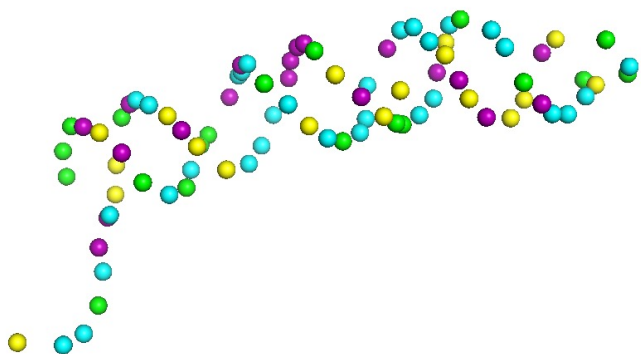
Final Assignment



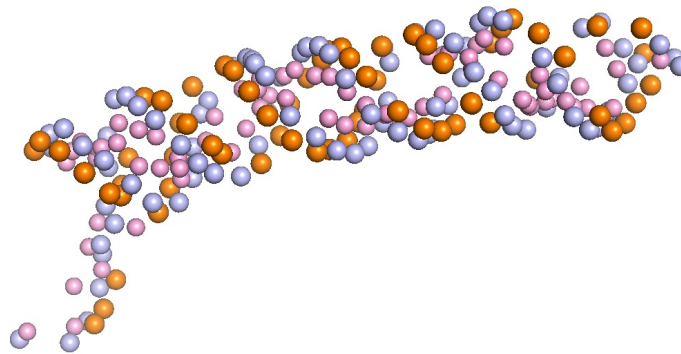
Step 4: Atomic Structure Modeling



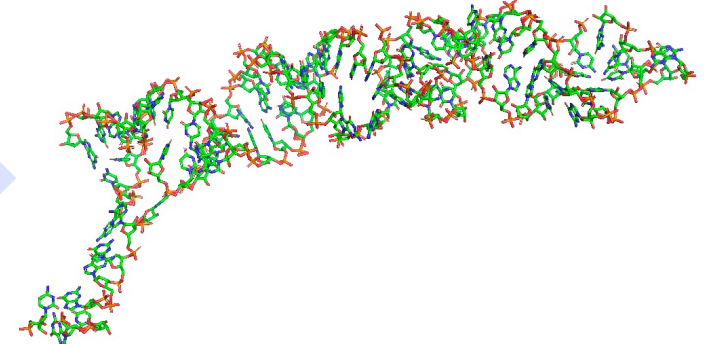
Sequence Assignment



S-P-B Backbone

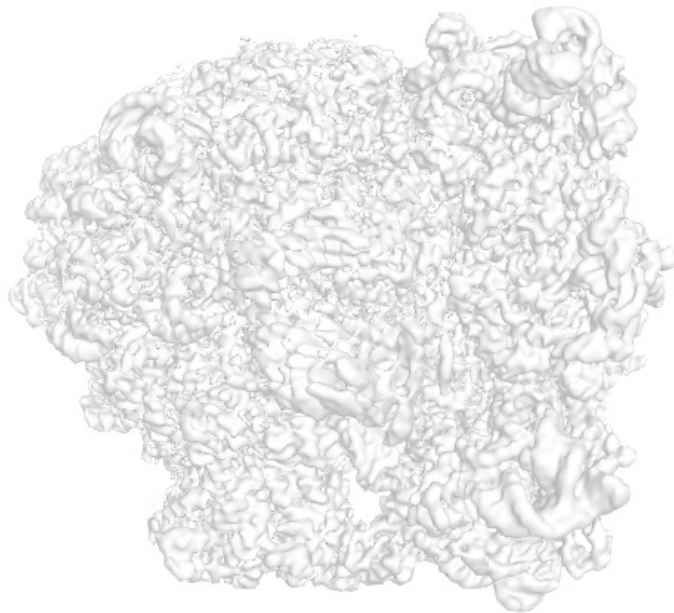


Atomic Structure

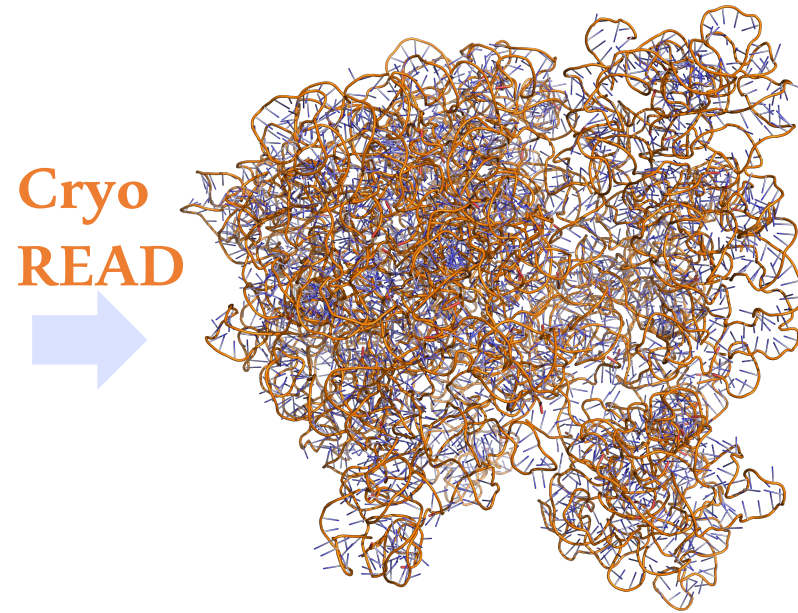


RNA-protein Complex Example by CryoREAD

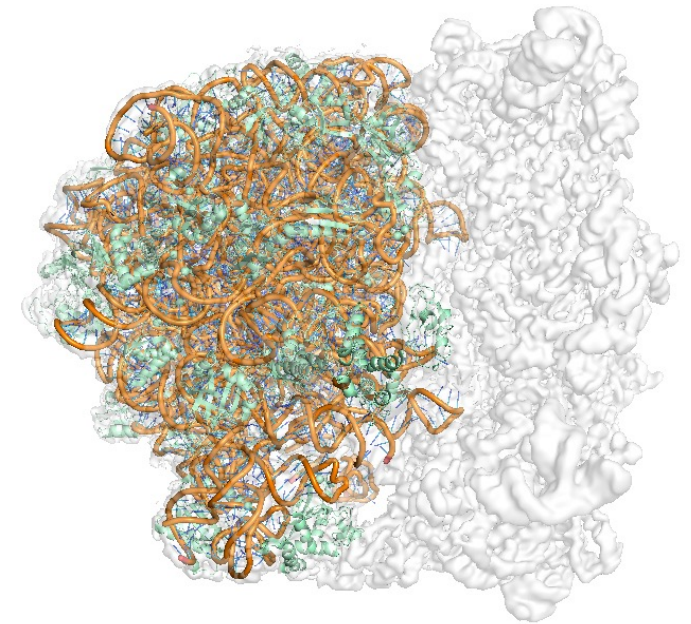
Cryo-EM Map



Modeled Structure



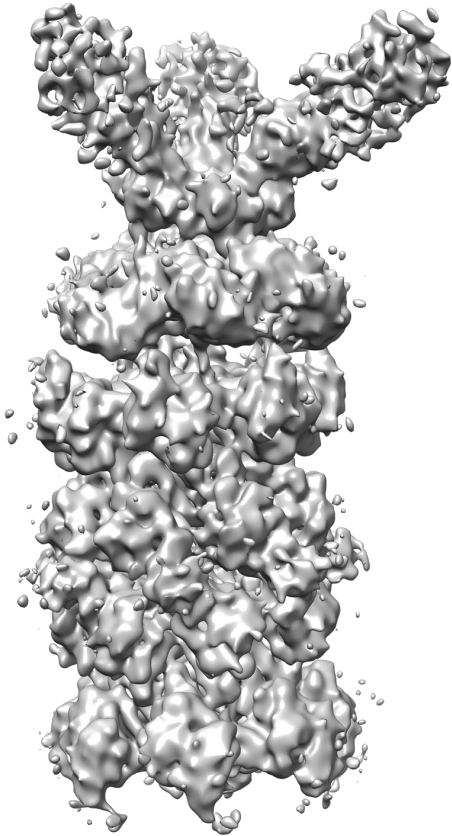
Native Structure
(Ground Truth)



Automatically model **full** structure

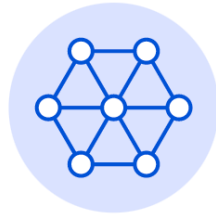
Method 2: DiffModeler: Protein Complex Structure Modeling

Cryo-EM Map

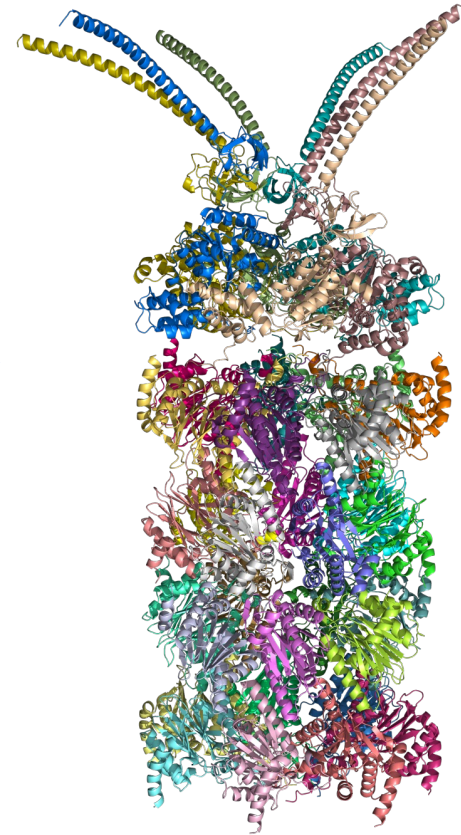


Structure Modeling

DiffModeler

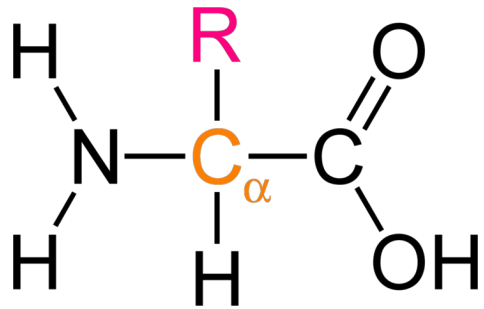


Protein Structure

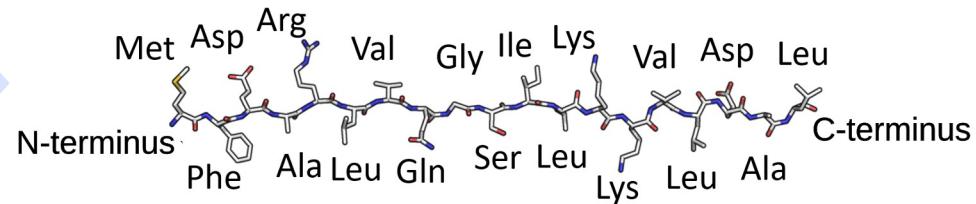


Background: Protein Structure

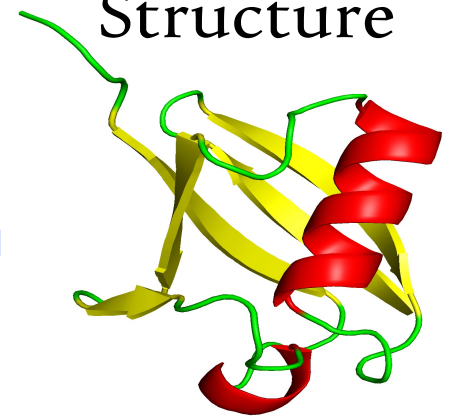
Amino Acid



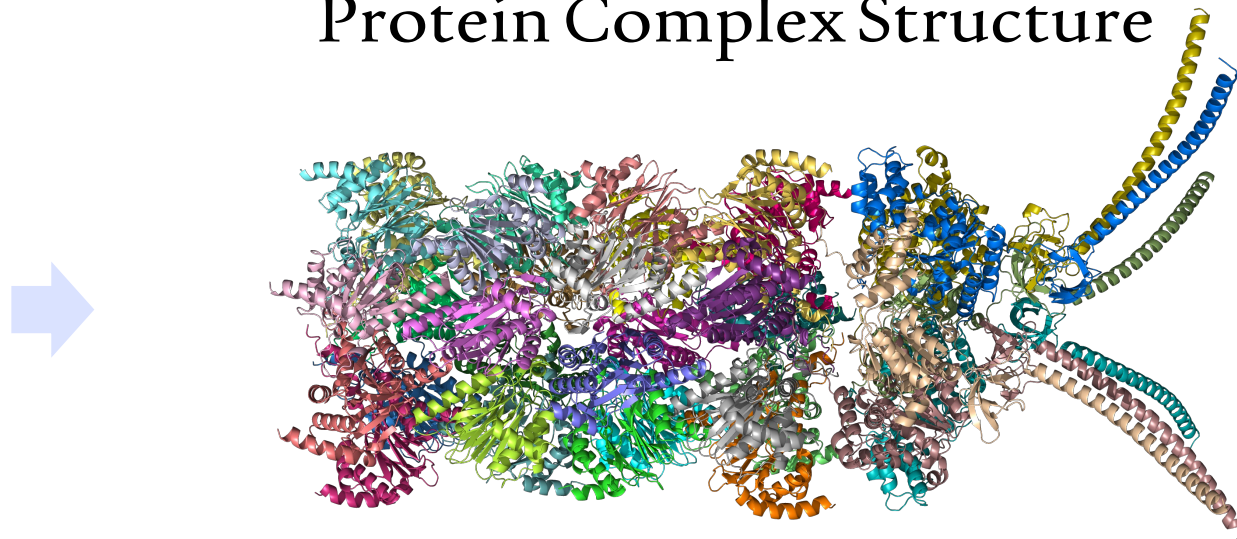
Sequence



Structure



Protein Complex Structure



Background: Template-based Structure Modeling

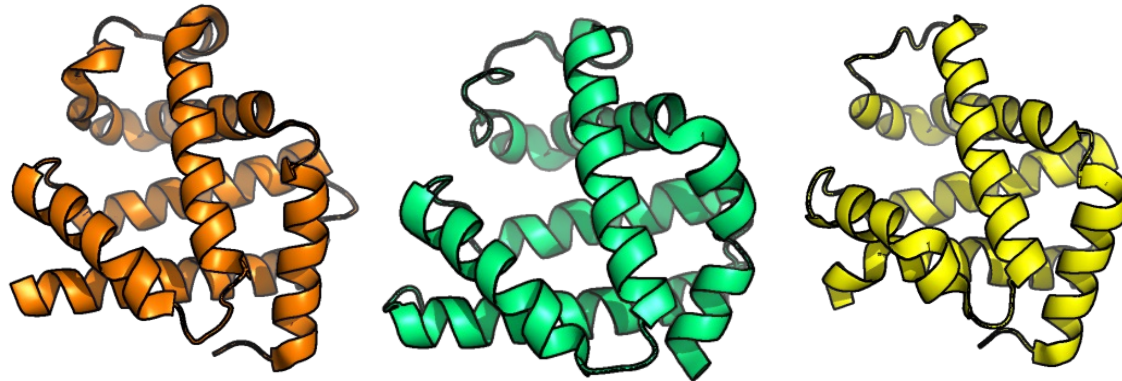
Sequence

SQETRKKCTEMKKKFKNCEVRCDESNHCVEVRCSDTKYTLC

Sequence
Similarity
Search



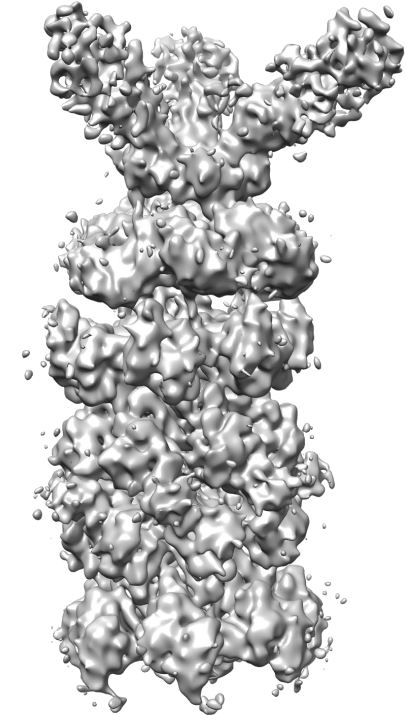
Similar
Structures



Fitting



Cryo-EM Map



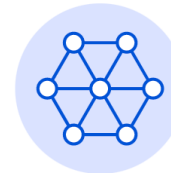
Challenges: 1. *Where are the templates(candidates)?* 2. *Where to fit?*

Where are the templates(candidates): AlphaFold2

Sequence

SQETRKKCTEMKKKFKNCEVRCDESNHCVEVRCSDTKYTLG

AlphaFold2

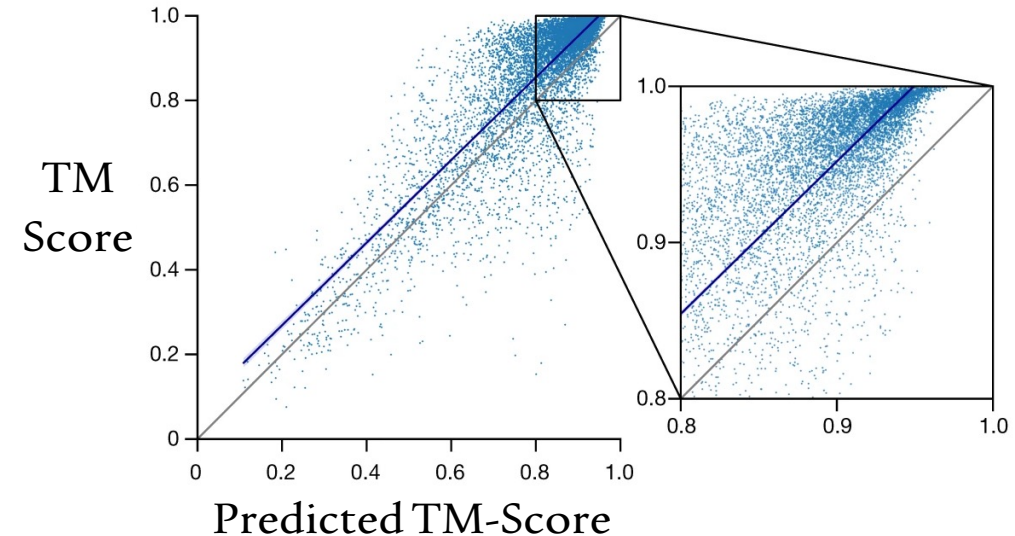


Structure

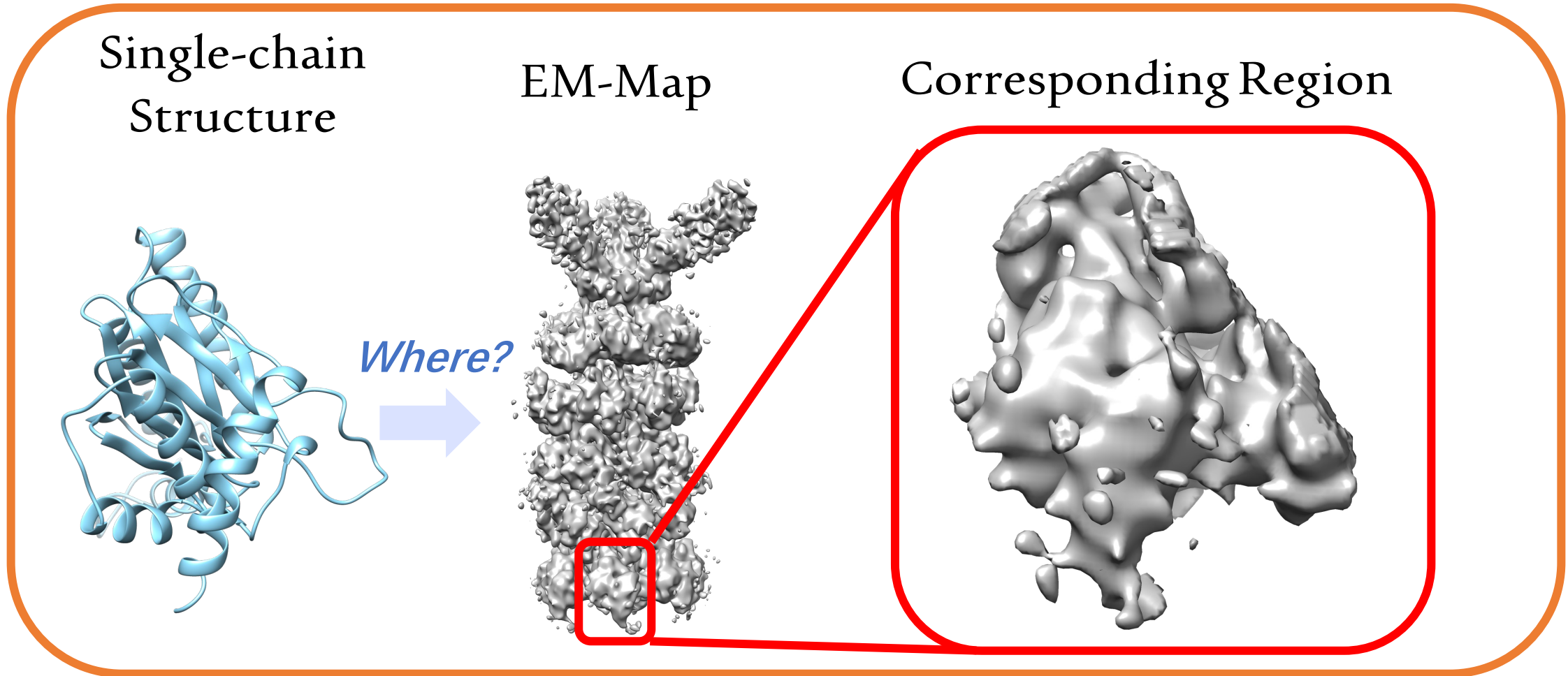


Highly accurate structure by AlphaFold2 can serve as **reliable templates** for structure modeling in cryo-EM maps

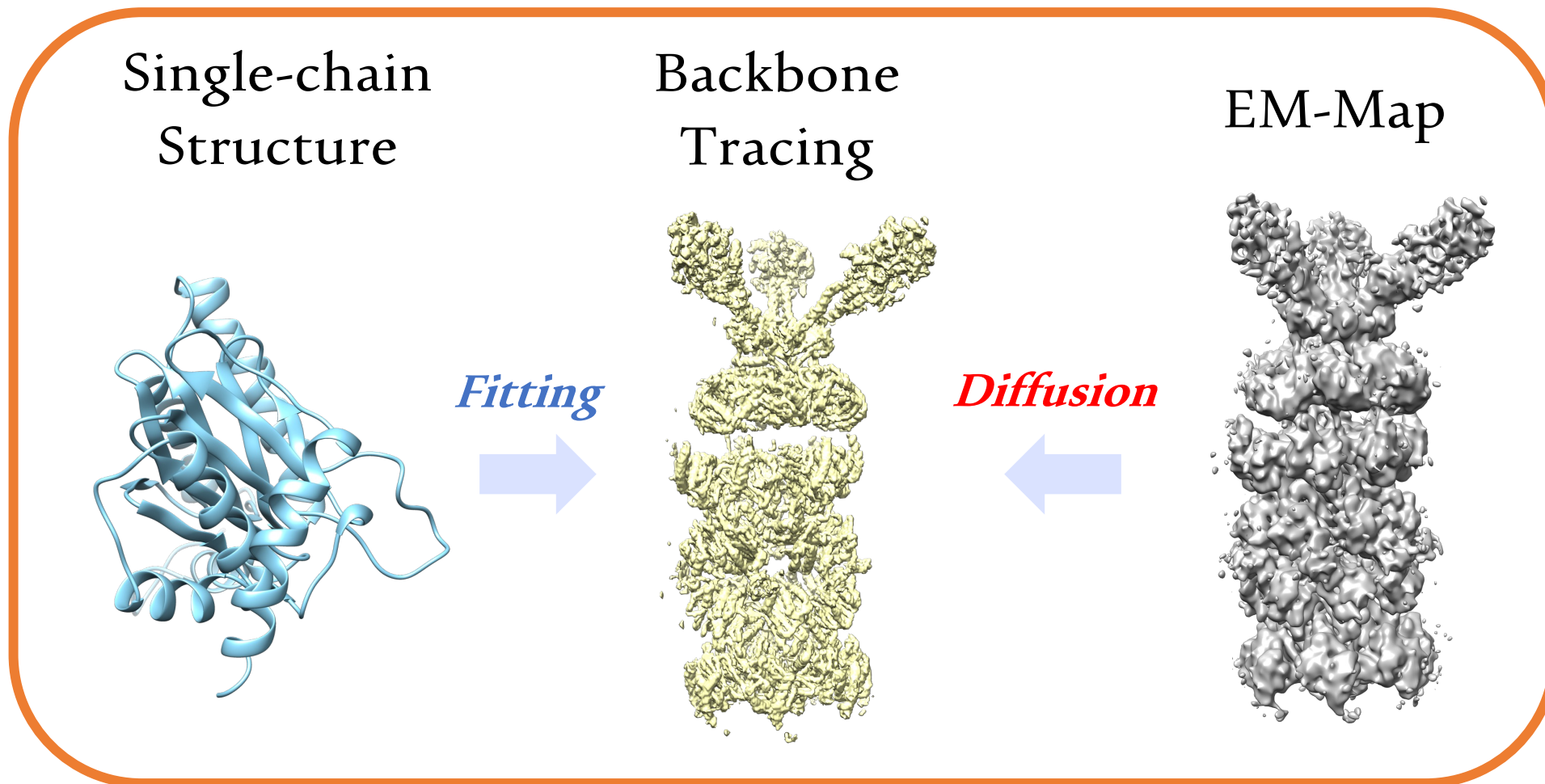
Performance



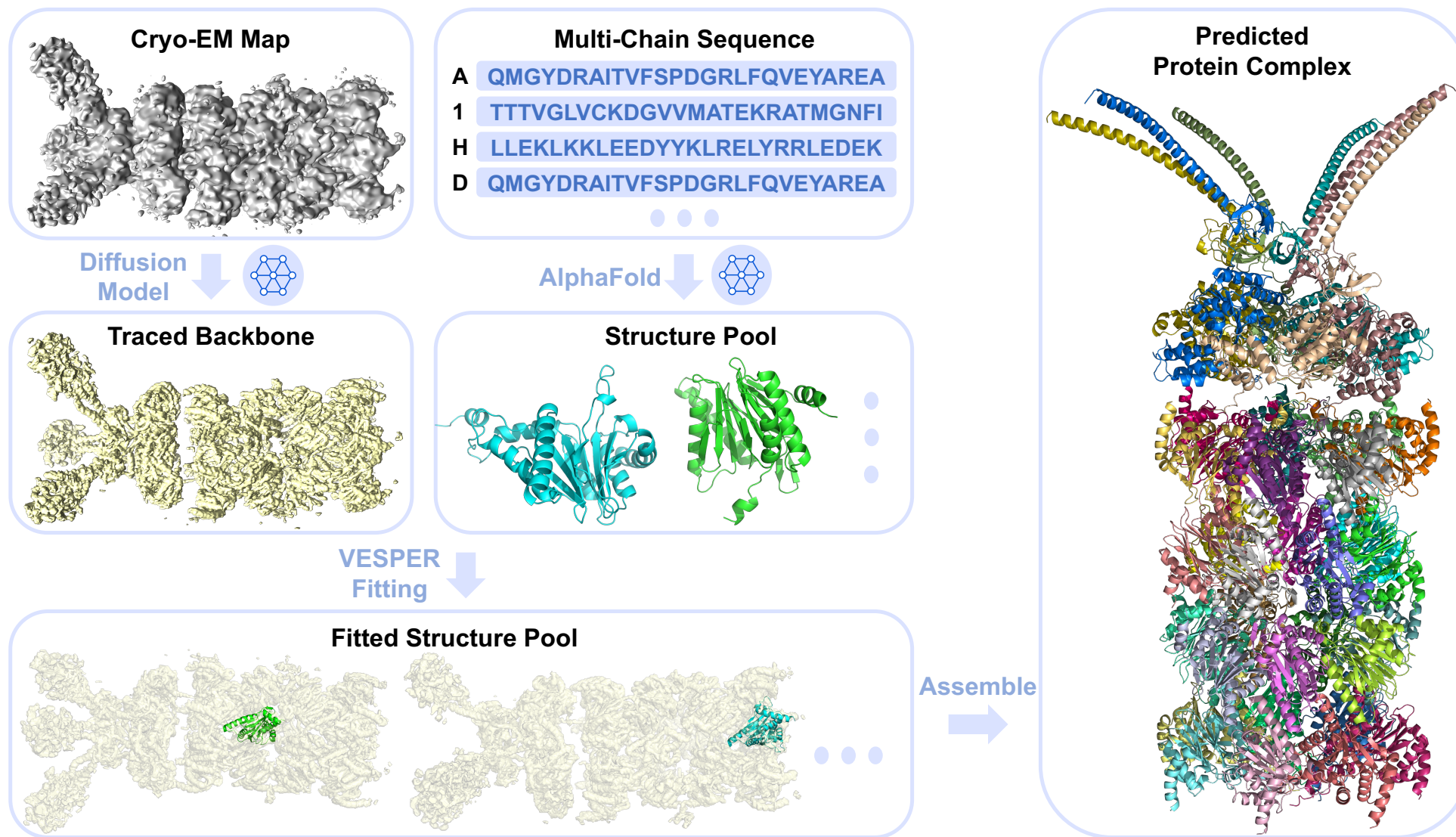
Where to fit?



Where to fit? Backbone tracing via diffusion model

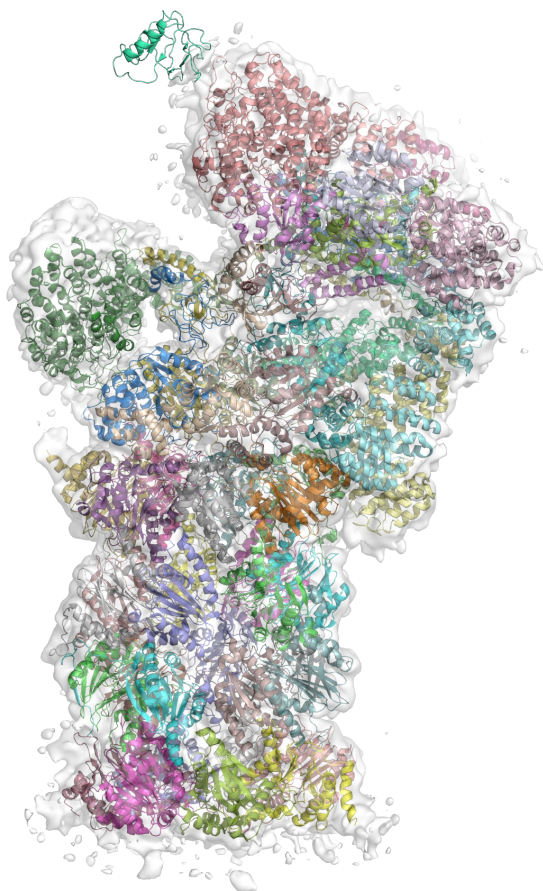


Overview of DiffModeler



DiffModeler Modeled Structure

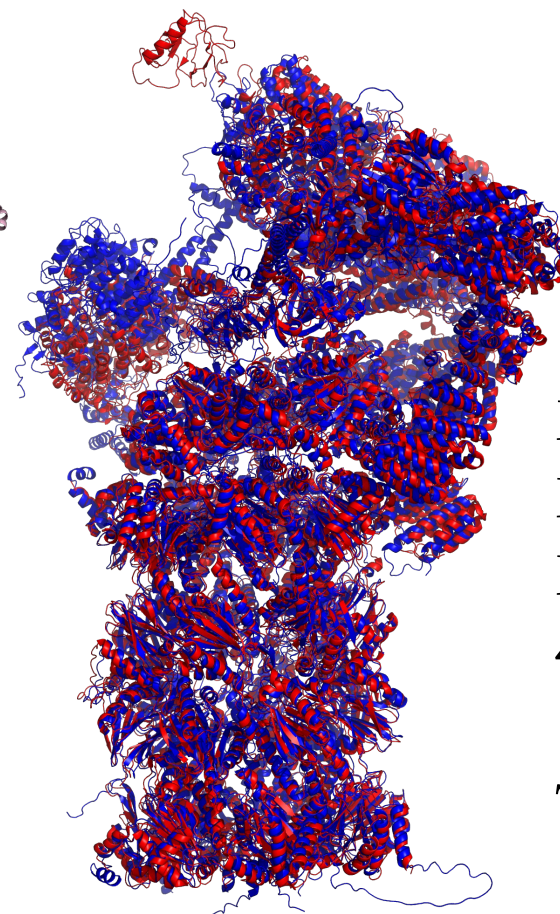
EM-Map and
Native Structure



Structure by
DiffModeler



Structure
Comparison

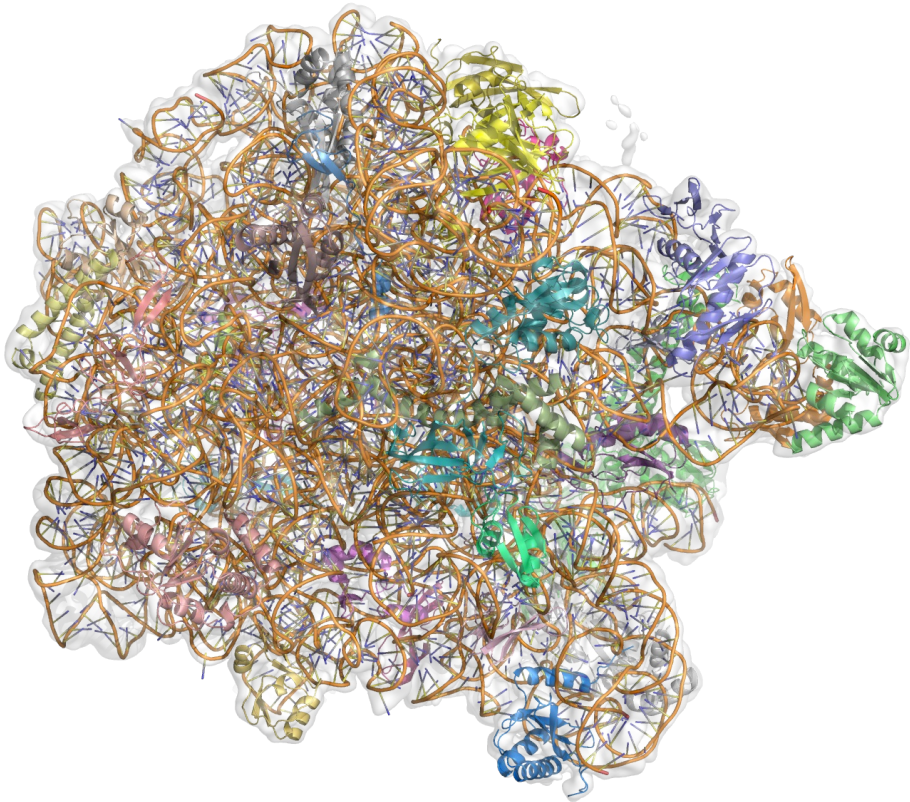


■ Ground
Truth
■ Predicted
Structure

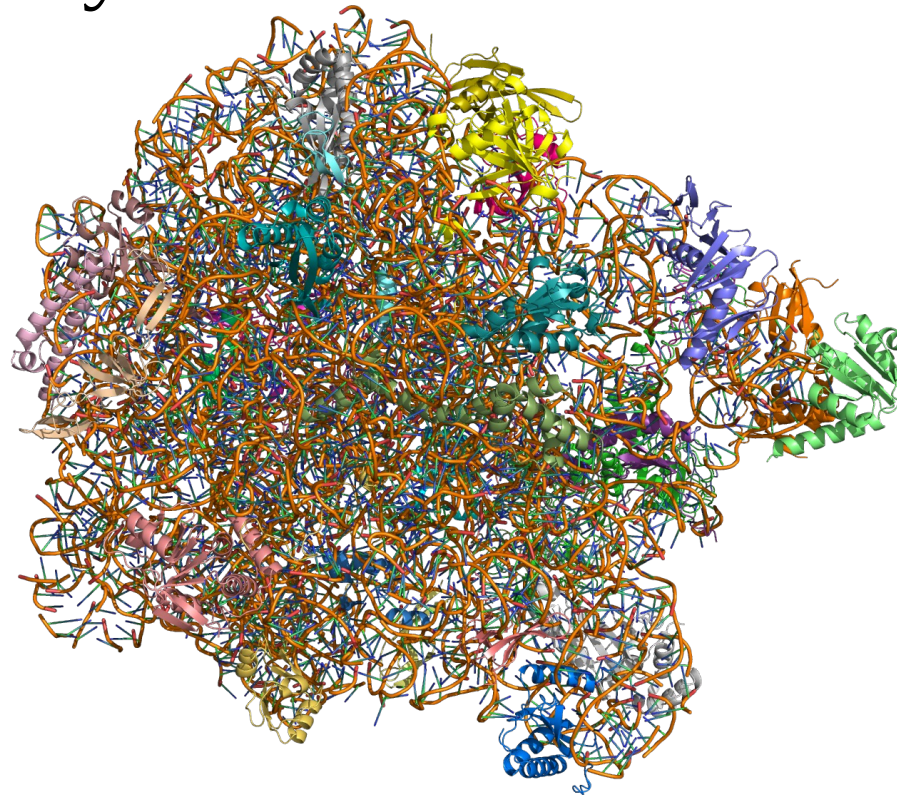
EMD-6693
PDB-ID: 5WVI
Resolution: 6.30 Å
47 chains
13,462 residues
TM-Score: **0.94**

Protein-RNA complex by DiffModeler+CryoREAD

Cryo-EM Map and
Ground Truth Structure



Modeled Structure by
CryoREAD and DiffModeler



EMD-13017

PDB-ID: 7OPE

Resolution: 3.20 Å

3,818 residues

2,996 nucleotides

TM-Score(protein):

0.92

Backbone Recall

(RNA): **0.94**

Acknowledgement

